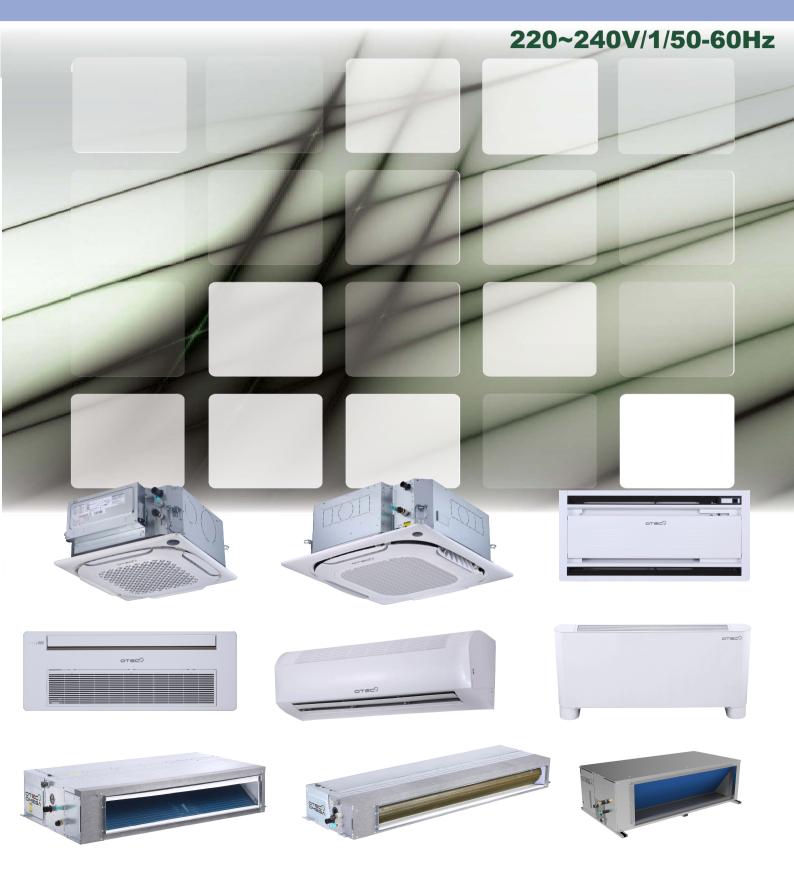




# D Series 3th Edition General VRF Indoor Unit

General VRF Indoor Unit Service Manual



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#### 1 R32 System Service

Indoor units in this manual can be used with both R410A and R32 refrigerant systems. When repairing systems that use R32 refrigerant, the following warnings and operating requirements should be noted.

#### 1.1 Warning about the R32 refrigerant



The following information indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

The following applies to R32 refrigerant systems.

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimized.

For repair to the refrigerating system, the following precautions shall be complied with prior to conducting work on the system.

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided. The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have been made safe by control of flammable material.

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres.

Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work that contains or has contained flammable refrigerant shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion.

All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which flammable refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.

Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:

- the charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;
- the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;
- marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance
   which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures.

If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

#### Initial safety checks shall include:

- -that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- -that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- -that there is continuity of earth bonding.

During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.

Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.

Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.

Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.

Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.

Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of ageing or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, it is important that best practice is followed.

Since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- remove refrigerant;
- purge the circuit with inert gas;
- evacuate;
- purge again with inert gas;
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. The system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.

Flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum.

This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.

This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and there is ventilation available. Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them. Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN.

#### **DD.12** Decommissioning:

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
- mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

Warning: disconnect the appliance from its power source during service and when replacing parts.

These units are partial unit air conditioners, complying with partial unit requirements of this International Standard, and must only be connected to other units that have been confirmed as complying to corresponding partial unit requirements of this International Standard.

#### 1.2 Qualification requirements for maintenance personnel



The following information indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

#### These instructions are exclusively intended for qualified contractors and authorised installers

Work on the refrigerant circuit with flammable refrigerant in safety group A2L may only be carried out by authorised heating contractors. These heating contractors must be trained in accordance with EN 378 Part 4 or IEC 60335-2-40, Section HH. The certificate of competence from an industry accredited body.

Brazing/soldering work on the refrigerant circuit may only be carried out by contractors certified in accordance with ISO 13585 and AD 2000, Datasheet HP 100R. And only by contractors qualified and certified for the processes to be carried out. The work must fall within the range of applications purchased and be carried out in accordance with the prescribed procedures. Soldering/brazing work on accumulator connections requires certification of personnel and processes by a notified body according to the Pressure Equipment Directive (2014/68/EU).

Work on electrical equipment may only be carried out by a qualified electrician.

Before initial commissioning, all safety relevant points must be checked by the particular certified heating contractors. The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.

## 2 Main PCB Ports

#### 2.1 Compact Four-way Cassette

Figure 3.1:Compact Four-way Cassette main PCB port

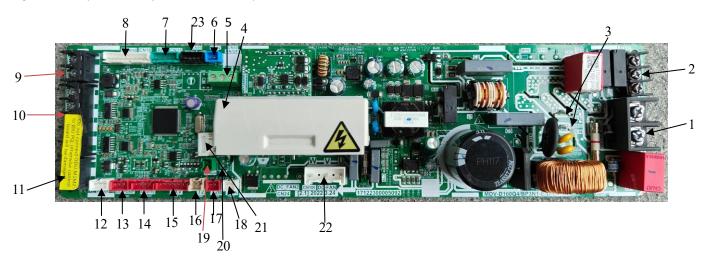


Table 3.1: Compact Four-way Cassette main PCB ports

Label in	0-4-	0	Post wells as	N	
Figure 3.1	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note	
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard	
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard	
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved	
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard	
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard	
6	CN21	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard	
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard	
8	CN18	Switch Board	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard	
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard	
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard	
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard	
12	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC	Standard	
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard	
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard	
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard	
16	CN11	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard	
17	CN15	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard	
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard	
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard	
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved	
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard	
22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard	
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard	

#### Notes:

- Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.
   Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port
  - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

Table 3.2: voltage test instructions

Code	Content	Description	Picture
CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	/	5V (1 pin ) DGND
CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Shorting pins 2 and 3, forced shutdown of the internal machine (default), can be set by controller (N38)	1 pin GND
CN35	Humidity sensor connection	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 4 and 5, the value should be 3.3V	GND 3.3V 1 pin
CN18	Switch Board connection	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 1 and 2, the value should be 5V; Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 4 and 5, the value should be 12V	GND 12V 5V GND2 (1 pin)
CN5	Water level port	The water level is normal, the water level switch is in the channel state; when the water level is full, the water level switch is in the disconnected state	1 pin GND

Table 3.2: voltage test instructions (continue)

Code	Content	Description	Description
CN190	Drainage pump port	When the water pump is running, pin 2 and 3 output 12V DC	1 pin GND
CN30	Display panel connection	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 1 and 4, the value should be 12V;	1 pin GND-L
CN8	EEV drive port	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 5 and GND (use other ports' GND), the value should be 12V;	1 pin Using other ports' GND
CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	/	3.3V (1 pin)  GND
CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	Using the DC voltage gear of the multimeter to test pin 1 and 2, the value should be 12V;	GND 12V (1 pin)

## 2.2 Four-way Cassette

Figure 3.2: Four-way Cassette main PCB ports

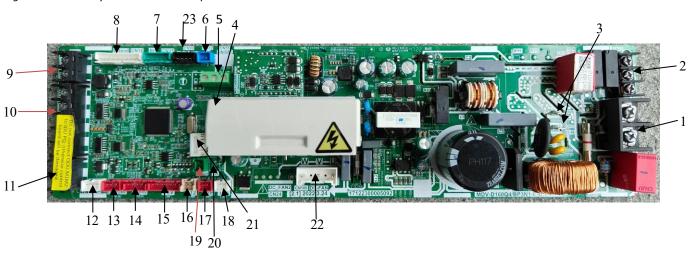


Table 3.3: Four-way Cassette main PCB ports

Label in			a !:	
Figure 3.2	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN21	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN18	Switch Board	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
16	CN11	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN15	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard
22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard

#### Notes:

- 1. **Standard**: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc. **Customized**: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port
  - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

## 2.3 Arc Duct

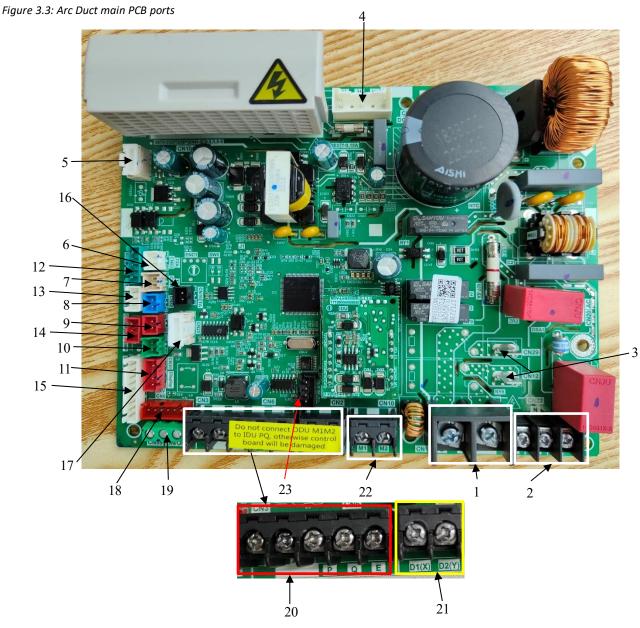


Table 3.4: Arc Duct main PCB ports

Label in Figure 3.3	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note	
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard	
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output Used for customization function: alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard	
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved	
4	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard	
5	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard	
6	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard	

Table continued on next page  $\dots$ 

Table 3.4: Arc Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in Figure 3.3	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
7	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
11	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
12	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
13	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
14	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
15	CN18	Switch Board	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
16	CN16	Reserved	12V DC	Reserved
17	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
18	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
19	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
		X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller);	X1 X2:18V DC;	
20	CN6(X1X2,PQE)	P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	P,E or Q,E:	Standard
		P Q confindincation port(with 000 by K3-465)	2.5-2.7V DC	
21	CN2/D1D2)	D4 D3 communication cont/with Control controller)	D1,E or D2,E	Standard
21	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Stanuaru
22	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard

#### Notes:

Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.
 Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port

**Reserved**: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

#### 2.4 Medium Static Pressure Duct

Figure 3.4: Medium Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports

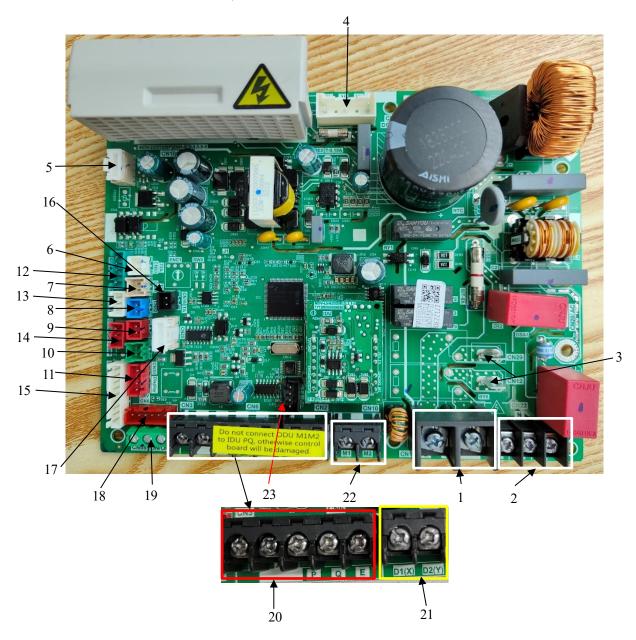


Table 3.5: Medium Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports

Label in Figure 3.4	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22	AC power output Used for customization function:	220V AC	
2	(ALARM,N,AC2)	alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L)	Reserved	220V AC	
3	CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
5	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
6	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard

Table continued on next page ...

Table 3.5: Medium Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
Figure 3.4	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
11	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
12	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
13	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
14	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
15	CN18	Switch Board	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
16	CN16	Reserved	12V DC	Reserved
17	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
18	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
19	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
20	CN6(X1X 2,PQE)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN2(D1D 2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	D1,E or D2,E 2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
22	CN10(M1 M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard

#### Notes:

Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.
 Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port

Reserved: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

## 2.5 Wall Mounted

Figure 3.5: Wall Mounted main PCB ports

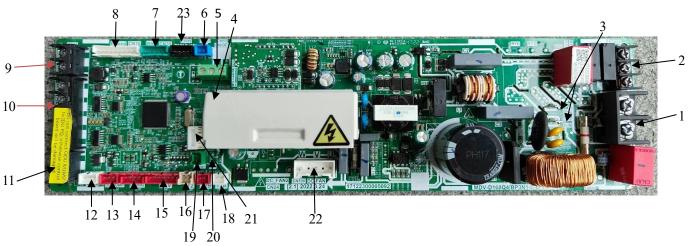


Table 3.6: Wall Mounted main PCB ports

Label in	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
Figure 3.5	Code	Content	r or t voltage	
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22	AC power output used for customization function:	220V AC	Standard
2	(ALARM,N,AC2)	alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
3	CN29(H-N)	Nesei veu	220V AC	nesel veu
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN21	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN18	Switch Board	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by	24V DC	Standard
9	CIVIO(IVIIIVIZ)	HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CNE(V1V2 DO)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller);	X1 X2:18V DC;	Standard
10	10 CN6(X1X2,PQ)	P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
16	CN11	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN15	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Standard
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard
22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard

#### Notes:

- 1. **Standard**: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc. **Customized**: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port
  - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

## 2.6 One-way Cassette

Figure 3.6: One-way cassette main PCB ports

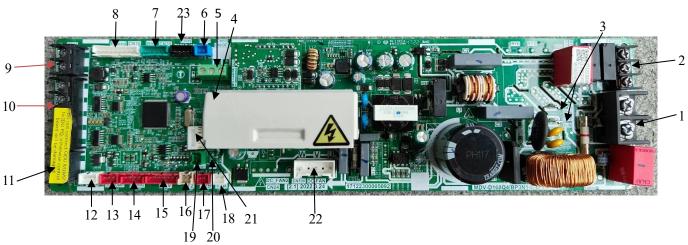


Table 3.7: One-way cassette main PCB ports

Label in	Cada	Contont	Dout voltage	Note
Figure 3.6	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN21	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Reserved
8	CN18	Switch Board	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Reserved
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC	Standard
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Standard
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
16	CN11	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN15	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Reserved
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard
22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard

#### Notes:

- 1. **Standard**: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc. **Customized**: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port
  - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

## 2.7 Two-way Cassette

Figure 3.7: Two-way cassette main PCB ports

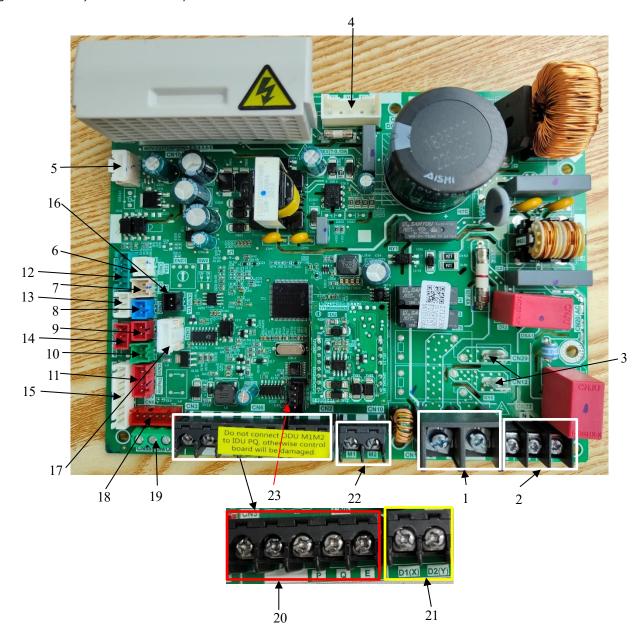


Table 3.8: Two-way cassette main PCB ports

Label in	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
Figure 3.7	Code	Content	Port voitage	Note
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22	AC power output Used for customization function:	220V AC	
2	(ALARM,N,AC2)	alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L)	Decomined	220V AC	
3	CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
5	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
6	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard

Table continued on next page ...

Table 3.8: Two-way cassette main PCB ports (continued)

Label in Figure 3.7	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
7	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Reserved
11	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
12	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Reserved
13	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
14	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
15	CN18	Switch Board,	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Reserved
16	CN16	Reserved	12V DC	Reserved
17	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
18	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
19	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
20	CN6(X1X2,P QE)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	D1,E or D2,E 2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
22	CN10(M1M 2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard

#### Notes:

Standard: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc.
 Customized: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port

Reserved: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

## 2.8 Floor Standing (F3/F4/F5)

Figure 3.8: Floor Standing main PCB ports

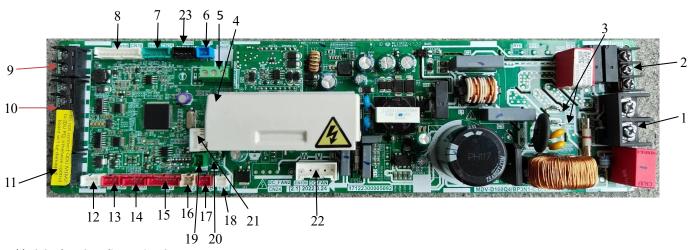


Table 3.9: Floor Standing main PCB ports

Label in	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
Figure 3.8	Code	Content	Fort voitage	Note
1	CN1(L,N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output used for customization function: alarm/strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L) CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
5	CN55	Remote on/off switch connection	Note 5	Standard
6	CN21	T1 Ambient temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC	Reserved
8	CN18	Switch Board	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Reserved
9	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
10	CN6(X1X2,PQ)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC ; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
11	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC	Reserved
13	CN190	DC Drainage pump port	12V DC	Reserved
14	CN30	Display panel connection	12V DC	Standard
15	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
16	CN11	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
17	CN15	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
18	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
19	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Reserved
20	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
21	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC	Standard
22	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12VDC	Standard

#### Notes:

- 1. **Standard**: The port is standard, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and Humidity sensor etc. **Customized**: The port is not available on the mainboard. If necessary, you need to customize the port
  - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

#### 2.9 High Static Pressure Duct (VEHP019(24,027,031,038,042,048,060)T0A)

Figure 3.9: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (VEHP019(24,027,031,038,042,048,060)T0A)

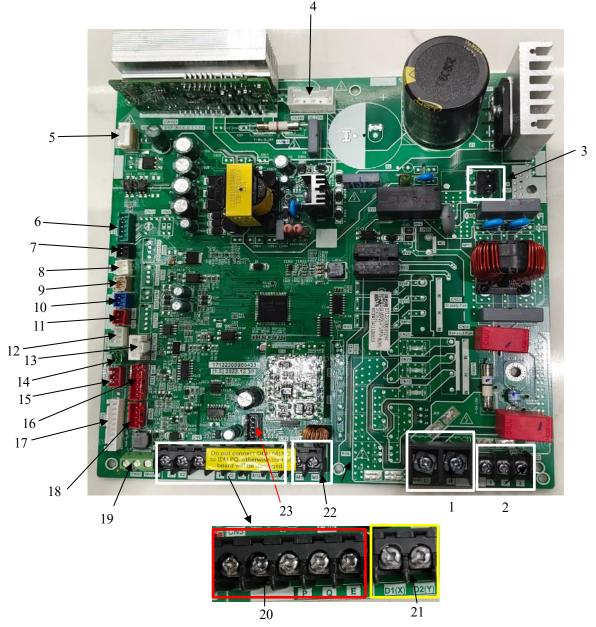


Table 3.10: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (VEHP019(24,027,031,038,042,048,060)TOA)

Label in Figure 3.9	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22 (ALARM,N,AC2)	AC power output Used for customization function: alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN7	Reactance connection	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
4	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard
5	CN4	Program burning port(fan motor)	5V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
6	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
7	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
8	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard

Table continued on next page  $\dots$ 

Table 3.10: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in Figure 3.9	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
9	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
10	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
11	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
12	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
13	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
14	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Reserved
15	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
16	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
17	CN18	Switch Board	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
18	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
19	CN55	Remote control ON/OFF port	Note 5	Standard
20	CN6(X1X 2,PQE)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN2(D1D 2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	D1,E or D2,E 2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
22	CN10(M1 M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
23	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard

#### Notes:

Standard: The model has this function, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and hotel key card etc.
 Customized: This function needs to be customized before leaving the factory.

Reserved: This port can not be used.

- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

## 2.10 High Static Pressure Duct (VEHA070(076,086,096,114,136,153T,A191)T0A)

Figure 3.10: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (VEHA070(076,086,096,114,136,153T,A191)T0A)

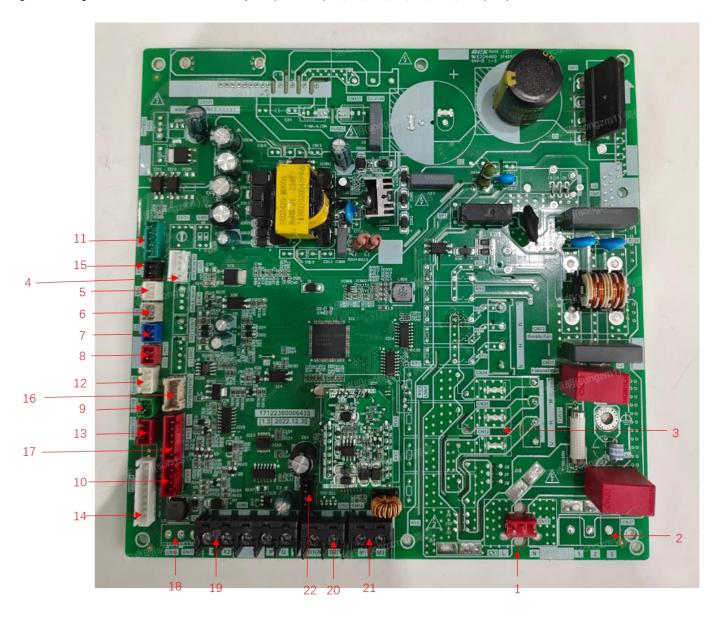


Table 3.11: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (VEHA070(076,086,096,114,136,153T,A191)T0A)

Label in	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
Figure 3.10				
1	CN1(L.N)	AC power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN22	AC power output Used for customization function:	220V AC	6
2	(ALARM,N,AC2)	alarm/Strong electric sterilization module	220V AC	Standard
3	CN12(H-L)	Reserved	2201/ 4.0	
3	CN29(H-N)	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN11	Fan module connection	5V DC	Standard
5	CN80	T2A Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
6	CN81	T2 Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
7	CN82	T1 Ambient Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
8	CN83	T2B Temperature sensor connection	3.3V DC	Standard
9	CN-A	Sterilization module port	12V DC	Reserved

Table continued on next page ...

Table 3.11: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in Figure 3.10	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
10	CN30	Display Panel connection	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
11	CN35	Humidity sensor connection	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
12	CN5	Water level port	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
13	CN190	Drainage pump port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
14	CN18	Switch Board	5V/12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
15	CN16	Reserved	3.3V DC	Reserved
16	CN25	Program burning port(indoor unit)	3.3V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
17	CN8	EEV drive port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard
18	CN55	Remote control ON/OFF port	Note 5	Standard
19	CN6(X1X2,PQE)	X1 X2 communication port(with wire controller); P Q communication port(with ODU by RS-485)	X1 X2:18V DC; P,E or Q,E: 2.5-2.7V DC	Standard
20	CN2(D1D2)	D1 D2 communication port(with Central controller)	D1,E or D2,E 2.5 - 2.7V DC	Standard
21	CN10(M1M2)	M1 M2 communication port(with ODU by HyperLink)	24V DC	Standard
22	CN99	After-sale Kit communication port	12V DC <sup>[5]</sup>	Standard

#### Notes:

- 1. **Standard**: The model has this function, the customers can connect corresponding device through this port, such as water pump and hotel key card etc. **Customized**: This function needs to be customized before leaving the factory.
  - Reserved: This port can not be used.
- 2. When repairing, PQ connects after-sales tooling
- 3. PQ and M1M2 communication ports both are used for indoor and outdoor communication, and only one of them can be used at a time. Meanwhile, be sure to connect the same communication ports (PQ to PQ; M1M2 to M1M2) in case of damage of the main control board.
- 4. D1D2 communication ports are used for group control communication. When connecting the group controller, the D1D2 port of the indoor units that are to be group controlled must be connected in daisy chain, and the group controller must be connected to the X1X2 port of one of the indoor units in the group control, and set to group control mode. In addition, D1D2 communication ports can also be connected to the central controller.
- 5. Refer to *Table 3.2* for voltage test instructions of some ports.

Figure 3.11: Fan module ports (VEHA070(076,086,096,114,136,153T,A191)T0A)

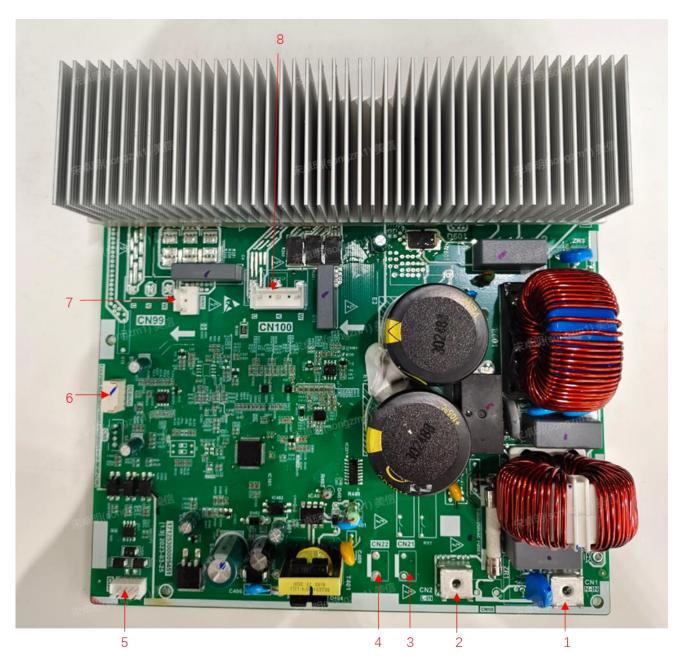


Table 3.12: High Static Pressure Duct main PCB ports (continued)

Label in Figure 3.10	Code	Content	Port voltage	Note
1	CN1(N)	Power input	220V AC	Standard
2	CN2(L)	Power input	220V AC	Standard
3	CN21	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
4	CN22	Reserved	220V AC	Reserved
5	CN8	Main control board connection	5V DC	Standard
6	CN25	Program burning port(fan module)		Standard
7	CN1C	Reserved	310VDC/380VDC	Reserved
8	CN100	Power supply for fan motor	Actual voltage	Standard

Table 3.13: voltage test instructions

Label	Code	Content	Picture
5	CN8	Main control board connection	5V GND
6	CN25	Program burning port(fan module)	GND 5V

#### 3 Indoor unit settings

#### 3.1 Parameter settings

Taking KJR-86S/BK as an example, the parameters can be set in the power-on or power-off state.

①Hold " riangledown " and " riangledown " for 3 seconds to enter the parameter setting interface, and the main interface will display "CC"

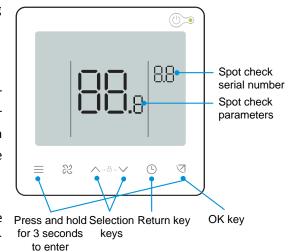
#### 2

#### a) Wired controller Parameter Settings (Cxx)

When display "CC", press " ☑ " will enter the wired controller Parameter Settings "Cxx". Press "^" and ">" to switch the parameter code and press" ☑ " to enter Parameter value setting interface. Then press "^" and ">" to change Parameter value and press " ☑ " to save changes.(For example "CC" to "CO3" to "O1")

#### b) Indoor unit Parameter Settings (Nxx)

When display "CC", press "\sum ", then the indoor unit number will be displayed ("n00-n63" is displayed, and the last two digits are the indoor unit addresses). Press the "\sum " to enter the indoor unit parameter



setting interface, and "n00" will be displayed. Use "\" and "\" to adjust to "Nxx" and press the " \( \textstyle \) " to confirm. Finally, press "\" and "\" to change Parameter value and press " \( \textstyle \) " to save changes. (For example "CC" to "n03" to "N25" to "01").

③Press the " button to return to the previous page until exiting the parameter setting or exiting the parameter setting after 60s without any operation.

Table 4.1: Wired controller Parameter Settings

Parameter	Down stor Nove	Parameter	Default	Domenico	
Code	Parameter Name	Range Value		Remarks	
		0 indicates the			
		main wired		If two wired controllers control one IDU, addresses for two	
C00	Main and secondary	controller	0	wired controllers must be different. You are not allowed to	
COO	wired controller setting	1 indicates a		set IDU parameters via the secondary wired controller	
		secondary wired		(address 1), but can set the wired controller.	
		controller			
	Cooling only/cooling and	00: Cooling and			
C01	heating setting	Heating	00	Heating mode is not available in cooling only setting	
		01: Cooling Only			
	Power failure memory	00: None		For a two-way wired controller, this parameter is used to	
C02	function setting for the	01: Available	00	store the status of Follow Me.	
	wired controller				
				00: No reminder to clean filter	
	Time to remind users to			01: 500h,	
C03	clean the filter on the	00/01/02/03/04	01	02: 1000h	
	wired controller			03: 2500h	
				04: 5000h	
	Settings for infrared	00: Disable		When "Disable the infrared receiver of the wired controller"	
C04	receiver of wired	01: Enable	01	is on, the wired controller cannot receive remote control	
	controller			signal.	
C05	Whether indoor ambient	00: No	00		
	temperature is displayed	01: Yes	/es		

Table 4.1: Wired controller Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks
C06	LED indicator of wired controller	00: Off 01: On	01	When it is on, LED indicator shows the on/off state of the indoor unit. When it is off, LED indicator is off.
C07	Wired controller Follow  Me temperature  correction	-5.0 to 5.0°C	Celsius: -1.0	Note: Accuracy is 0.5°C.
C08	Lower limit of cooling temperature	16°C to 30°C	16°C	
C09	Upper limit of cooling temperature	16°C to 30°C	30°C	
C10	Lower limit of heating temperature	16°C to 30°C	16°C	
C11	Upper limit of heating temperature	16°C to 30°C	30°C	
C12	Set to display 0.5°C	00/01	01	00: No 01: Yes
C13	Wired controller button light setting	00/01	01	00: Off 01: On
C15	Buzzer of the wired controller rings	00/01	01	00: No 01: Yes
C16	Backlight time	00/01/02	00	00: 15s 01: 30s 02: 60s
C17	Whether energy efficiency attenuation is displayed when power off	00/01	00	00: No 01: Yes
C18	Whether IDU filter blockage is displayed when power off	00/01	00	00: No 01: Yes
C19	T1 temperature selection	F0/F1/F2/F3/#I DU	F1	F0: IDU T1 temperature sensor F1: Follow Me, #IDU (IDUs connected to the system, ranging from 0 to 63) (Note: The secondary wired controller does not respond to Follow Me) F2: Second temperature sensor (reserved) F3: Ground sensor (reserved)

Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks
N00	Static pressure of IDU	IDU static pressure level: 00/01/02/03/ 04/05/06/07/08/ 09/~/19/FF	FF	The IDU sets the selected corresponding static pressure (FF-there may be different default values for different series of indoor units)
N01	Power failure memory function setting for the IDU	00/01	01	00: None 01: Available
N04	Whether the display board of IDU receives remote control signals	00/01	00	00: Yes 01: No
N05	Buzzer of the IDU rings	00/01/02	02	00: No 01: Yes 02: remote controller only
N06	Light (display panel) setting	00/01	01	00: Off 01: On
N07	Temperature unit	00/01	00	00: Celsius 01: Fahrenheit
N08	Mode changeover time interval in the auto mode (min)	00/01/02/03	00	00: 15min 01: 30min 02: 60min 03: 90min
N11	Set outdoor temperature value when auxiliary heater is on	-25°C to 20°C	0°C	Note: The values are accurate to 1°C or 1°F. °F: (-13)~68°F
N12	Indoor temperature when auxiliary heater is on	10°C to 30°C	24°C	(Accuracy is 1°C)
N13	T1 temperature difference when auxiliary heater is on	0-7	3	0-7 indicates 0 - 7°C (Accuracy is 1°C)
N14	T1 temperature difference when auxiliary heater is off	0-10	5	0-10 indicates -4 - 6°C (Accuracy is 1°C)
N15	Auxiliary heater used alone	00/01	00	00: No 01: Yes
N16	Auxiliary heater on/off	00/01/02	00	00: Auto 01: Forced on 02: Forced off
N17	IDU cold draft prevention temperature settings	00/01/02/03/04	00	0: 15, 01: 20, 02: 24, 03: 26, 04: anti-cold wind invalid

Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter	Do yours at an Alama	Parameter	Default	Domonico
Code	Parameter Name	Range	Value	Remarks
				00: Start/Stop delay
				01: Speed 1
				02: Speed 2
		00/01/02/03/04/ 05/06/07/14  01  01: Speed 1 02: Speed 2 03: Speed 3 04: Speed 4 05: Speed 5 06: Speed 6 07: Speed 7 14: Fan speed before going to standby mode  00: Fan off 01: L1 02: L2 03: Speed 1  0/1/14  0 : Termal 0/1/14  0 : Termal 0: Speed 1 14: Speed 1 14: Speed 1 00: Fan shutdown 01: 4min 01: 4min 02: 8min 03: 12min 04: 16min 00: 56P 01: 72P 02: 0P 14: Auto regulation  00: 1°C 01: 2°C 04: 2.5°C 00: 1°C 01: 2°C 00: 1°C	03: Speed 3	
N18		01	04: Speed 4	
	Cooling standby mode	05/06/07/14		05: Speed 5
				06: Speed 6
				07: Speed 7
				14: Fan speed before going to standby mode
				00: Fan off
N40	Standby fan speed range	00/01/02/02	0.1	01: L1
N19	in dry mode	00/01/02/03	01	02: L2
				03: Speed 1
	Face and a setting to			0: Termal
N20	Fan speed setting in	0/1/14	0	1: Speed 1
	heating standby mode			14: Speed 1
				00: Fan shutdown
	Time to stop the fan of IDU (Termal)	01/02/03/04	01	01: 4min
N21				02: 8min
				03: 12min
				04: 16min
				00: 56P
N22	EEV opening selection	20/04/00/44	14	01: 72P
INZZ	during heating standby	00/01/02/14		02: 0P
				14: Auto regulation
				00: 1°C
	Cooling return difference			01: 2°C
N23	temperature	00/01/02/03/04	00	02: 0.5°C
	temperature			03: 1.5°C
				04: 2.5°C
				00: 1°C
	Heating return difference			01: 2°C
N24	temperature	00/01/02/03/04	00	02: 0.5°C
	temperature			03: 1.5°C
				04: 2.5°C
				00: 6°C
	IDU heating mode			01: 2°C
N25	temperature	00/01/02/03/04	00	02: 4°C
	compensation			03: 8°C
				04: 0°C

Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter	<b>5</b>	Parameter	Default	P I .
Code	Parameter Name	Range	Value	Remarks
				00: 0°C
	IDU cooling mode			01: 1°C
N26	temperature	00/01/02/03/04	00	02: 2°C
	compensation			03: 3°C
				04: -1°C
		00/01/02/03/04	01	00: 03°C
	Maximum indoor			01: 04°C
N27	temperature drop in dry mode			02: 05°C
				03: 06°C
				04: 07°C
N30	Constant air flow	00/01	01	00: Constant speed
	setting			01: Constant air flow
				Set IDU height,
N31	High ceiling setting	00/01/02	00	00: 3m
				01: 4m
				02: 4.5m
N32	Q4/Q4C air outlet 1	00/01	00	00 - Free control
	setting Q4/Q4C air outlet 2		00	01 - Off 00 - Free control
N33	setting	00/01		01 - Off
	Q4/Q4C air outlet 3	00/01	00	00 - Free control
N34	setting			01 - Off
	Q4/Q4C air outlet 4	00/01	00	00 - Free control
N35	setting			01 - Off
			00	00: Cooling and heating
N36	Cooling only for IDU	00/01		01: Cooling only
	One-to-more of wired		00	00: No
N37	controller enabled	00/01		01: Yes
	Long-distance on/off function setting	00/01	00	00: Turn off the IDU when closed
				01: Turn off the IDU when open
N38				Note: When turn off the IDU by long-distance on/off port,
				the wired controller will display "d61"
		00/01//06	00	00 - No delay
				01 - 1min delay
N39	Delay time setting (Using			02 - 2min
	long-distance on/off port			03- 3min
	to turn off the IDU)			04- 4min
				05- 5min
L				06- 10min

Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter	Parameter Name	Parameter	Default	Remarks
Code	Parameter Name	Range	Value	Remarks
N40	Long-distance alarm	00/01	00	00: Alarm when closed
	function setting	00/01	00	01: Alarm when open
N41	Turbo	00/01	00	00: Off
				01: On (Rapid cooling/Rapid heating)
N42	Sterilization function	00/01	00	00: No sterilization function (default)
				01: Plasma disinfection
	Sterilization setting	00/01/02	00	00: Auto on
N43				01: Forced on
				02: Forced off
N44	Silent mode setting	00/01	00	00: Off
				01: On
N45	ECO	00/01	01	00: Off
				01: On
	Drying time at self-cleaning	0/1/2/3	0	0: 10 min
N46				1: 20 min
				2: 30 min
				3: 40 min
	Mildew-proof fan	00/01/02/03	00	00 - 40s
	operation duration			01 - 120s
N47	(power off in cooling/dry			02 - 300s
	mode, except power off due to faults)			03 - 600s
	Dirt proof for ceiling	00/01	00	00: Invalid
N48				01: Valid
				00: Invalid
N49	Condensation proof	00/01	00	01: Valid
	Human Detect Sensor	00/01/02	01	00: Invalid
				01: Used to adjust the set temperature when
N50				unattended
				02: Used to turn off the unit when unattended
				00: 15 min
	Setting temperature adjustment interval when unattended	00/01/02/03/04/ 05	00	01: 30 min
N51				02: 45 min
				03: 60 min
				04: 90 min
				05: 120 min
N52	Setting maximum temperature adjustment when unattended	00/01/02/03	00	00: 1°C
				01: 2°C
				02: 3°C
				03: 4°C

Table 4.2: Indoor unit Parameter Settings(continues)

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remarks
N53	Stop delay when unattended	00/01/02/03/04/ 05		00: 15 min
			01	01: 30 min
				02: 45 min
1455				03: 60 min
				04: 90 min
				05: 120 min
N54	Midea ETA function setting	00/01	01	00: Off
				01: On
	Energy rating of cooling Midea ETA	00/01/02	00	00: Level 1
N55				01: Level 2
				02: Level 3
		00/01/02	00	00: Level 1
N56	Energy rating of heating			01: Level 2
	Midea ETA			02: Level 3
			00	00:1
				01: 1.05
	On elter few annual	00/01/02/03/04/ 05/06		02: 1.1
N57	On-site fan speed adjustment factor			03: 1.15
				04: 0.95
				05: 0.9
				06: 0.85
	Initial static pressure detection	00/01	00	00: Not reset
N58				01: Reset
	Filter ending - initial static	00/01//19	00	00-10Pa/ 01-20Pa/
N59	pressure setting			02~19-30Pa ~200Pa
	Ambient temperature			00: 5°C
N60	when preheating is	00/01/02	00	01: 0°C
	turned on			02: (-5)°C
N61	Reserved			
N62	Reserved			
N63	Reserved			
	Auto Dry Function	00/01	00	00: Invalid(default)
N66				01: Valid
				Note: Only applicable to operations in Cool or Auto mode
N67	Auto Dry Target relative	40%/41%/42%/	65%	
	humidity	/7 65% 0%		
N68	Refrigerant leakage fault reset	00/01	00	00: Not reset;
				01: reset

#### Notes:

If use other controllers, parameter settings need refer to the corresponding manual.  $\label{eq:controllers}$ 

### 3.2 Indoor unit parameter query

#### Taking KJR-86S/BK as an example

①Hold " = " and " ^ " for 2 seconds to enter the query interface, "u00-u03" indicates ODUs, "n00-n63" indicates IDUs (the last two digits are the ODU or IDU addresses), and "CC" indicates the wired controller . Press "^" and "\[ '' \] to switch the IDU code (For example n02), then press " \[ '' \] " to enter the parameter query page.
②In the parameter query page, use "\[ '' \] and "\[ '' \] to query parameters, and the parameters can be queried cyclically.
③The check list serial number is displayed in upper right corner of the wire controller, while the parameter value is displayed in the middle of the wire controller.

**④**Press "<sup>©</sup>" to exit the query page. The parameter query page automatically closes if no button is pressed within the next 60 seconds.

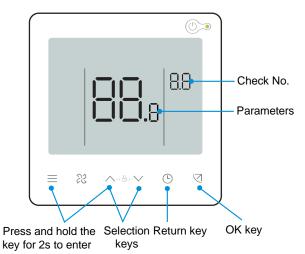


Table 4.3: Indoor unit parameters check list

Check No.	Parameters	Remarks	
1	IDU address <sup>1</sup>	0 - 63	
2	Capacity of indoor unit	Unit: HP	
3	Actual set temperature Ts	Unit:℃	
4	Current running set temperature Ts	Unit:℃	
5	Actual T1 indoor temperature	Actual value = value displayed	
6	Modified indoor temperature T1	Actual value = value displayed	
7	T2 heat exchanger intermediate temperature	Actual value = value displayed	
8	T2A heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature	Actual value = value displayed	
9	T2B heat exchanger gas pipe temperature	Actual value = value displayed	
10	Actual set humidity RHs	Actual value = value displayed	
11	Actual RH indoor humidity	Actual value = value displayed	
12	Actual fresh air processing unit TA air supply temperature	Actual value = value displayed	
13	Air-blow pipe temperature	Actual value = value displayed	
14	Compressor discharge temperature	Actual value = value displayed	
15	Target superheat	Actual value = value displayed	
16	EEV opening (actual opening/8)	Actual value/8 = value displayed	
17	Software version No.	Actual value = value displayed	
18	Historical error code (recent)	Actual value = value displayed	
19	Historical error code (sub-recent)	Actual value = value displayed	
20	[———] is displayed		

### Notes:

- 1. For indoor units, the communication address and network address are the same and are routinely referred to simply as the unit's "address".
- 2. If use other controllers, please refer to the corresponding manual.

#### 3.3 Function Descriptions

#### 3.3.1 Power failure memory function

The power failure memory function can be used to ensure that, in the event of a power outage, the indoor units, which was in operation before, automatically restart once the power returns. When the power returns following a power outage, units with Power failure memory function enabled restart with the same operating mode, fan speed and remote control lock status settings as before the power outage. If, during this timed delay, the remote or wired controller is used to send a command to a unit, that unit starts-up immediately with those new settings. Indoor units with this function disabled go into standby once the power returns following a power outage.

#### 3.3.2 Heating mode temperature compensation setting

Since indoor units are often installed at ceiling level, and since warm air rises, the ambient temperature sensed at the unit can be higher than the ambient temperature where users are standing or sitting. To compensate for this, in heating mode the indoor units target a temperature that is higher than the set temperature. The heating mode temperature compensation setting sets the difference between the set temperature and the target temperature. For example, if the set temperature is 20°C and the heating mode compensation setting is 4°C, the units target an ambient temperature (sensed at the unit) of 24°C

Depending on a variety of factors including the height of the room and the position of the units, different values may be appropriate for the heating mode temperature compensation setting. Values of heating mode temperature compensation can be selected by controller.

#### 3.3.3 Cooling mode temperature compensation setting

With cooling mode temperature compensation, in cooling mode the indoor units target a temperature that is lower than the set temperature. The cooling mode temperature compensation setting sets the difference between the set temperature and the target temperature. For example, if the set temperature is 26°C and the cooling mode compensation setting is 2°C, the units target an ambient temperature (sensed at the unit) of 24°C. Values of cooling mode temperature compensation can be selected by controller.

# 4 Display Panels

## 4.1 Appearance of Display Panel

The appearance of the digital display panel used is shown in Figure 5.1.

Figure 5.1: Digital display panel<sup>1</sup>

Figure 5.1: Digital display panel <sup>1</sup>	
Display panel for Compact Four-way Cassette and Four-way Cassette (New 360 degree panel, standard panel)	Display panel for Arc Duct\Medium Static Pressure Duct\ High Static Pressure Duct (Optional)
LED display	LED display
Display panel for Wall Mounted	One-way Cassette/Two-way Cassette
LED display	LED display

## **4.2 Output under Normal Operating Conditions**

	Unit state	Digital display	
	Standby		
		Cooling and heating : set temperature	
	Normal operation	dehumidify mode: set temperature	
Operating		Fan only mode: indoor ambient temperature	
	Special operation <sup>1</sup>	Mode code	
	Error <sup>2</sup>	Error code	

## Notes:

- The special operation modes refer to *Table 7.2:Operating Status Codes* The error code refer to *Table 7.1:Error code*

### 5 Control

#### **5.1 Temperature Compensation Control**

Because of the installation position of Indoor Unit and different layout, indoor temperature detected by Indoor Unit may not consist with actual temperature. Indoor temperature could be compensated by controller (The parameter code is "N25" "N26")

#### **5.2 EEV Control**

When the IDU is powered on again or the ODU is stopped, the system automatically enters initialization mode. After initialization is completed, the system enters the normal start mode. The IDU EEV uses superheat degree control in cooling mode and uses supercool degree control in heating mode. If the IDU receives a protection control or special control command, this command is executed in priority.

#### Superheat Degree Control in Cooling Mode

During cooling (dry), the IDU calculates the difference between the heat exchanger gas pipe temperature (T2B) and the heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (T2A) detected by the temperature sensors and write this difference as the current superheat degree (SH). By comparing the current superheat degree (SH) with the set superheat degree (SHS), the opening adjustment trend of the EEV can be decided.

$$SH = T2B - T2A$$

- ◆ When SH > SHS, the EEV opening increases
- When SH = SHS, the EEV opening unchanged
- ◆ When SH < SHS, the EEV opening decreases

#### Supercool Degree Control in Heating Mode

During heating, the IDU calculates the difference between the High pressure equivalent saturation temperature (Tc) and the heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (T2A) detected by temperature sensors and write this difference as the current supercool degree (SC). By comparing the current supercool degree (SC) with the set supercool degree (SCS), the opening adjustment trend of the EEV can be determined.

$$SC = max (T1+6,Tc max-2) -T2A$$

- ♦ When SC > SCS, the EEV opening increases
- ♦ When SC = SCS, the EEV opening unchanged
- ◆ When SC < SCS, the EEV opening decreases

#### EEV Operating in other Situations

The EEV decides its operating opening based on the IDU operating mode, IDU working mode, and ODU working mode. For details, see the following table:

IDU Status	Cooling N	⁄lode	Heating Mode		
IDO Status	ODU Operating	ODU Stopped	ODU Operating	ODU Stopped	
Operating	Superheat control		Supercool control		
Standby					
Off	A PLS	B PLS	C PLS	D PLS	
Fault					

#### Note:

- 1. PLS indicates the unit of pulses regarding the EEV opening.
- 2. The values of A,B,C and D are depend on IDUs' series.

#### **5.3 Start and Stop Control**

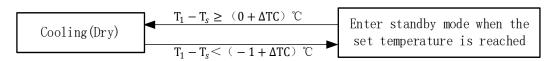
Indoor Unit judges the operation state according to the temperature compensation value ( $\Delta TC$ ) and the difference value between detected indoor temperature (T1) and set temperature (TS).

When the indoor temperature reaches the set one, Indoor Unit shut down; when the indoor temperature exceeds the set one, Indoor Unit start running.

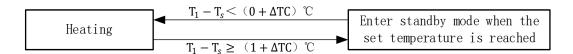
#### Objective

- Ensure comfort. When the indoor temperature of indoor return air reaches the temperature range set by the user, if
  the IDU fails to shut down, the room temperature will deviate from the expected value of the user and reduce the
  comfort of the room.
- 2. Energy saving. When the temperature of the return air reaches the temperature range set by the user, if the IDU fails to shut down, the air conditioning system will continue to operate inefficiently under the condition of low indoor load, with low energy efficiency and no energy saving.
- 3. The use of temperature compensation values is to solve the problem of differences in the distribution of the room temperature field. The room due to structural differences, room heat source distribution differences, solar radiation, hot air uplift, cold air sink and other factors will cause the temperature detected by the indoor unit's own return air temperature sensor(T1) and the user's human activity area temperature deviation, temperature compensation value(ΔTC) is used to repair this deviation
- 4. Ensure compressor reliability. The control will prevent frequent start/stop and the temperature compensation in the temperature shutdown control will inhibit frequent opening and closing of the air conditioning system, extending the service life of the air conditioning system;

#### Cooling (Dry)



#### Heating



#### Note:

The temperature compensation value ( $\Delta TC$ ) of cooling and heating operation can be found in the specifications of each model. For details, please contact local technical support personnel

#### 5.4 Fan Control

#### 5.4.1 Fan speeds control

The IDU can work in seven-speeds or three-speeds.

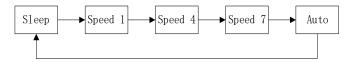
#### Seven-speeds

When the Indoor Unit detects seven wind speeds the wind speed is set as follows.



#### Three-speeds

When the Indoor Unit detects only three wind speeds the wind speed is set as follows.



For the specific IDU series, please consult the technical manual of each series. The following table describes the fan control in different situations

#### Fan control in different situations

	IDU Status	Cooling Mode	Dry Mode	Heating Mode	Fan Mode	Speed Switch
Operating	Operating	Set speed	Speed 1	Set speed	Set speed	
in Set	Standby	Set speed	Speed 1	Termal	/	l laan aak
Speed	Off	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	User set
	Fault	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	

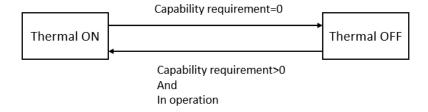
	IDU Status	Cooling Mode	Heating Mode	Auto Mode	Fan Mode	Speed Switch
Operatin	Operating	Automatic	Automatic	Automatic	Speed 1	Switch fan speed
At.a				Automatic cooling, automatic fan speed,		based on the
Automatic	Standby	Automatic	Termal	automatic heating, and Termal mode	/	difference of the set
Fan Speed				operating		temperature and
	Off	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	return air
	Fault	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	Stop fan	temperature

Note:

Termal: In the heating mode, The IDU in the standby state heating mode will run fan periodically at speed 1 for one minute (the period can be set by controlle)

#### 5.4.2 Auto fan control mode

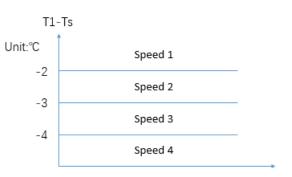
- 1. When set auto fan control in cooling or heating mode. After operation in the initial speed for a period of time, when Thermal ON, IDUs enter the auto mode and the fan speed will be changed every 2 minutes or when Ts change.
- 2. When Thermal OFF, IDUs enter the standby mode. When Thermal ON, IDUs enters the initial fan speed again.
- 3. The default speed is speed 1 when IDUs are set auto fan mode in Air supply only mode.



#### Determine the initial fan speed of auto fan control

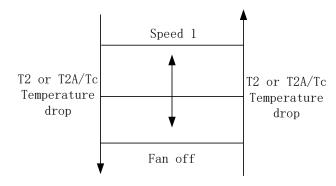
The initial fan speed is determined according to the difference between ambient indoor temperature (T1) and set temperature (TS), and it updates in the following situations:

- 1) The first time enter this mode
- 2) TS is changed
- 3) When switching between normal operation and silent operation



#### 5.4.3 Anti-cold Air Control

This function only be used in heating mode, fan speed is changed according to value changes of the heat exchanger intermediate temperature (T2) of the heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (T2A) and High pressure equivalent saturation temperature (TC). While in anti-cold air mode, set temperature (Ts) is displayed normally. Anti-cold air control is valid during the oil return or defrosting period. If the IDU is turned off, the fan is turned off as well.



Note: The switching temperature of the heat exchanger intermediate temperature (T2), the heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature (T2A) and the condensing temperature(TC) is determined by T\_fanoff.

T fanoff is the switch temperature point between Breeze and Fan off can be adjusted by controller.

#### 5.4.4 Standby fan speed Control

#### Cooling standby

The default cooling standby fan speed is Speed 1. You can change the cooling standby fan speed from speed 1 to speed 7 through the controller.

The parameter setting code is "N18".

#### Heating standby

The default heating standby is Termal wind speed. The speed 1 runs for 1 minute and stops for X minutes (X is the set value by the controller) which can be set from 4 minutes (default), 8 minutes, 12 minutes and 16 minutes (The parameter setting code is "N21"). And You can change the heating standby fan speed through the controller (The parameter setting code is "N20").

Termal: In the heating mode, The IDU in the standby state heating mode will run fan periodically at speed 1 for one minute (the period can be set by controller)

## 5.5 Swing control

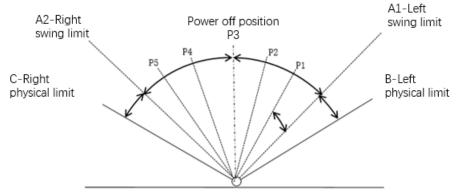
### 5.5.1 Horizontal swing control

### Angle range of horizontal swing

Table 6.1: Angle range of horizontal swing

	heating	cooling
adjustable range	A1+A2	A1+A2
shutdown angle	A1+B/A2+C	A1+B/A2+C

Figure 6.1 Horizontal swing angle



**A1**:Starting angle or power-on reset position(Swing from the left)

**A2**:Starting angle or power-on reset position(Swing from the right)

B:Angle limit of left end structure

C:Angle limit of right end structure

Note: Wall mounted(G) have Horizontal swing control

Table 6.2: Angle range of Horizontal swing

		Heating	Cooling/Dehumidification		Ventilation
		Heating	Cooling	Anti-condensation	Ventilation
Wall mounted	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5
Wall-mounted	The default gear	Р3	P3	Р3	Р3

### 5.5.2 Vertical swing control

Different IDU series have different adjustable swing angle and default swing angle under different functions.

And each operation mode has its default adjustable range of swing angle. P1-P5 values vary because of the different operation modes and IDU series.

For details, please refer to Table 6.3, Table 6.4 and Figure 6.2.

Figure 6.2 Vertical swing control

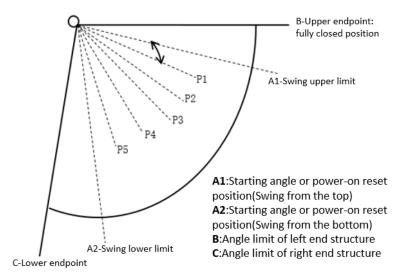


Table 6.3: Angle range of vertical swing.

ble 0.5. Aligie runge of verticul swing.							
		Heating	Cooling	/Dehumidification	Ventilation	Function operation	
		Heating	Cooling	Anti-condensation	Ventilation	Static pressure detection, Leakage alarm	Self-cleaning
Wall-mounted	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
wan-mounted	The default gear	P3	Р3	Р3	Р3	P5	P5
One-way	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
cassette	The default gear	P3	P3	Р3	Р3	P5	P5
Two-way	Adjustable range	P1-P5	P1-P5	P2-P5	P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
cassette	The default gear	P5	P2	P2	P2	P5	P5

Table 6.4: Angle range of vertical swing in Four-way Cassette/Compact Four-way cassette.

		Heating	Cooling/ventilation	Function op	eration
		heating/anti-blowing/ anti-dirty of ceiling/ High ceiling setting  cooling/ Dehumidification /ventilation/anti-condensation/anti-blo wing/ anti-dirty of ceiling/ High ceiling setting		Static pressure detection, leakage	Self-cleaning
Four-way	Adjustable range		P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
Cassette	The default gear	P5	P2	P5	P5
Compact ra Four-way The	Adjustable range		P1-P5	non-adjustable	non-adjustable
	The default gear	P5	P3	P5	P5

Louver 3

Louver 4

#### 5.5.3 Individual louver control

Four-way Cassette and Compact Four-way Cassette have the individual louver control and the detail according to the following:

- a) Louver selection: After entering the louver selection operation, all air flap immediately stop at the current spot and record the current spot. If there is no parameter setting within 3s, exit the louver selection state and all air flap return to the previous spot.
- b) The corresponding digital tube will flash when the louver is selected. lf option will be C

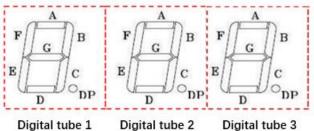


Table 6.5: Digital tube display instructions.

f no other operat	tion is carried out w	ithin 1s, the current o
confirmed.		
	T	Λ
F B	F B	F B
EC	EC	E C
DDI	DDDDD	D DP

3	' '		
Louver	Digital tube 1	Digital tube 2	Digital tube 3
Louver 1	A flash	A flash	A flash
Louver 2	E/F flash	-	-
Louver 3	D flash	D flash	D flash
Louver 4	-	-	B/C flash
Louver	A/D/E/F flash	A/D flash	A/B/C/D flash
1+2+3+4	A) D) L) F Hash	Ay D Hasii	A) b) C) D Hash

Note: If there are more than 2 louvers are set to close, only the first and second will close.

#### 5.5.4 Anti-condensation control

In order to prevent the problem of hanging water and blowing water caused by excessive temperature difference. When the risk of condensation is detected, the Compact Four-way Cassette and Four-way Cassette adjusts the louver to the default minimum angle and limits the angle adjustment range; Other IDUs will adjust the louver to the default condensation angle and lock angle.

#### 5.5.5 Ceiling anti-dirty control

In order to prevent flow of Compact Four-way Cassette and Four-way Cassette towards ceiling, you could open the function of control of ceiling anti-dirty, which will limit the angle that the louver allows to be set so that the airflow avoids the ceiling.

#### 5.6 Operation mode control

#### Outdoor Unit is Heat Pump

①When the mode is set by ODU to VIP priority, Voting priority, Capability requirements priority, Cooling priority, heating priority, the Indoor Unit can be set to cooling, heating, dehumidification, ventilation modes. When the IDU set mode different from the mode of ODU, the indoor unit will enters the standby mode, and the "No permission" displays in the upper left corner of the controller.

②When the mode is set by ODU to **changeover**, VIP IDU can be set to cooling, heating, dehumidification, ventilation modes, while non-VIP IDUS can only follow the operation mode of VIP's.

#### Outdoor Unit is Heat Recovery

①When the ODU is Heat recovery, VIP IDUs and others can have different modes such as automatic, cooling, heating, dehumidification and ventilation mode.

②Auto mode is only available to Heat Recovery ODU. In auto mode, user should set the Tsc(cooling setting temperature) and Tsh(heating setting temperature), which should meet the following conditions Tsc ≥Tsh. The setting steps are as follows.

<1>when enter the auto mode, the mode icon Auto and Cool (or Auto and Heat) will flash at the same time <2> Press "^" and "V" to switch mode (Cool or Heat) and press" "to enter temperature setting interface (In Cool is Tsc, and Tsh in Heat). Then press "^" and "V" to change value and press " "to save changes.

<3>In auto mode, Icons Auto and Cool light up during cooling operation, when Icons Auto and Heat light up during heating operation.

<4>The heating mode and cooling mode are switched according to the following 3 conditions.

I The setting temperature Tsc=Tsh

When the return air temperature T1>Tsc+2 ℃, the IDU will run the cooling mode.

When the return air temperature T1<Tsh-2℃, the IDU will run the heating mode.

II The setting temperature Tsc>Tsh, and Tsc-Tsh<3℃

When the return air temperature T1>Tsc+1.5℃, the IDU will run the cooling mode.

When the return air temperature T1 < Tsh-1.5 °C, the IDU will run the heating mode.

IIIThe setting temperature Tsc>Tsh, and Tsc-Tsh≥3°C

When the return air temperature **T1>Tsc**, the IDU will run the **cooling mode**.

When the return air temperature T1<Tsh, the IDU will run the heating mode.

#### Set Temperature Display

- 1) When switching between cooling, heating or auto modes, if temperature Ts is not reset, the temperature after switching is the same as the temperature before switching.
- 2) In auto mode, switching between cooling and heating mode takes some time. The time can be set through the controller.

#### 5.7 Human Detect control

The Human detect sensor is optional.

The operation mode of human detect control can be set by controller (N50).

- 1) When set the mode "Used to adjust the set temperature when unattended" and enter the unattended state<sup>1</sup>, the following logic is executed
- ① When the cooling/automatic cooling mode operates, the correction value<sup>2</sup> of the set temperature Ts is + 1 every A<sup>3</sup> minute.
- 2 During heating/automatic heating mode operation, the correction value of the set temperature Ts is 1 every A minute;
- (3) Fan speed 1
- 4 The fan louver maintains the previous angle.
- (5) Resume normal control when someone is detected
- 2) When set the mode " Used to turn off the unit when unattended " and enter the unattended state<sup>1</sup>, the following logic is executed
- 1 Turn off the unit
- Resume normal control when someone is detected

#### Note:

- 1. The unattended state will only be entered after the unattended state is detected for X minutes. X can be set by the controller (N53)
- 2. The value of maximum temperature adjustment can be set by controller (N52)
- 3. The value of A can be set by controller (N51)

### 5.8 Controlling the Condensate Water Pump and Water Level Switch

- 1) When the IDU is powered on the first time, the water pump is forced to operate for 5 minutes.
- 2) When the IDU and ODU are in cooling, dehumidification and self-cleaning mode, the water pump starts immediately and operates continuously. After this mode is stopped (stop or mode switch), the water pump turns off five minutes later.
- 3) If the water level rises, causing the water level switch to be disconnected, the condensate water pump immediately starts and operates. Five minutes later, if the water level drops to lower than the alarm level, the system restores operation based on the originally set mode. Otherwise, the IDU and water pump stop operating, and a water level alarm is reported. When the water level switch is connected again, the protection is released, and the system restores operation based on the mode that was originally set.

Note:

This function is reserved for the unit models without drainage pumps and water level switches and it is disabled by default.

#### 5.9 Anti-freeze Control

The IDU will close Electronic expansion valve, and the wind shift into speed 1.

Condition:

- A) Entry conditions: Coil temperature ≤A continuous T1 or coil temperature ≤B continuous T2, and in any mode of forced cooling, cooling, dehumidification, self-cleaning(Except for the second stage);
- B) Exit condition: coil temperature  $\ge$ C continuous T3, and not in any mode of forced cooling, cooling, dehumidification, or at the second stage of self-cleaning mode;

#### 5.10 Alarm control

Both IDU'S main control board and 1# Expansion board (Optional) have ALARM port, and can be used simultaneously.

- Setting positive or negative logic
- 1) Port on IDU'S main control board

The positive and negative logic of the IDU main control board is set by the wired controller or central controller. (N40)

#### **②Port on 1# Expansion board (Optional)**

The positive and negative logic of the 1# expansion board is set by the S2-1/S2-2/S2-3 DIP switch on the 1# expansion board.

#### Remote on/off port setting status and its corresponding function

<b>Outdoor unit Set</b>	Port status	Functional interpretation
Set to Positive logic (Default)	The port is connected	outputs alarm signals
Set to negative logic	The port is disconnected	outputs alarm signals

### 5.11 High ceiling setting

For embedded IDU series, such as Compact Four-way Cassette and Four-way Cassette, when the installation exceeds the specified height (default 3 meters), can enter the High ceiling setting (The parameter code is "N31") to change . 3 meters high height, 4 meters high height or 4.5 meters high height can be set. When the high ceiling control is entered, the fan speed limits the minimum speed 3 operation.

\*Note: Refer to the IDU manual for detail

#### 5.12 Remote on/off control

Both IDU'S main control board and 1# Expansion board (Optional) have remote on/off control port

### Remote on/off control port selection

#### 1)Port on IDU'S main control board

Port CN55 connects the passive switch signal

Note

The port on the main board will be disabled when the port on the expansion board is enabled

#### **2**Port on 1# Expansion board (Optional)

Port CN7 connects the 220V switch signal. For detail refer to Expansion board manual

#### Setting positive or negative logic

#### 1)Port on IDU'S main control board

The positive and negative logic of the IDU main control board is set by the wired controller or central controller. (N38)

#### **2Port on 1# Expansion board (Optional)**

The positive and negative logic of the 1# expansion board is set by the S4-1 DIP switch on the 1# expansion board.

#### Remote on/off port setting status and its corresponding function

Outdoor unit Port status Corresponding function Function		Functional interpretation	
Set to	The port is connected, Input Low level	Remote delay OFF control	Shut down after the delay time, the controller can send commands normally, but the indoor unit remains off.
Positive logic (Default)		Remote OFF control	Direct shutdown without delay, the controller can send commands normally, but the indoor unit remains off.
Set to	The port is disconnected, Input High level Remote OFF control	•	Shut down after the delay time, the controller can send commands normally, but the indoor unit remains off.
negative logic		Direct shutdown without delay, the controller can send commands normally, but the indoor unit remains off.	

The remote OFF delay time can be set through the wired controller (N39), the default value is 0

#### 5.13 Dry mode control

There is a difference between the control with humidity sensor and the control without humidity sensor, when the humidity sensor is damaged, the indoor unit automatically switches to the state without humidity sensor.

#### Without humidity sensor

**Related settings:** ①The temperature of dry mode;②Maximum indoor temperature drop in dry mode (N27);③Standby fan speed in dry mode(N19)

**Enter Standby:** When Ts-T1> $\triangle$ T, the IDU will Enter Dry standby mode.

Fan speed (operation): Automatic adjustment, cannot be set.

Fan speed (Standby): Can be set by controller (N19)

#### With humidity sensor(customized)

**Related settings:** ①The temperature and humidity of dry mode;②Maximum indoor temperature drop in dry mode;③ Standby fan speed in dry mode

**Enter Standby:** When Ts-T1> $\Delta$ T or actual humidity is lower than the set humidity 5%, the IDU will Enter Dry standby mode.

Fan speed (operation): Automatic adjustment, cannot be set

Fan speed (Standby): Can be set by controller (N19)

Note:

1. Ts: Dehumidification setting temperature

2. T1: IDU air return temperature

3.  $\triangle$  T: Maximum indoor temperature drop, can be set(N27)

#### Auto dry function

Prerequisites for function: (1)Only IDU with humidity sensor (customized) can use this function.

2Need to enter the IDU parameter setting menu to enable this function (N66).

Entry method: Cooling or Auto mode.

**Operation Logic:** Priority cooling, when the room temperature reaches the set temperature, automatically switch to dry mode, to approximate the purpose of dual control of temperature and humidity.

Note:

1. For Auto Dry Target relative humidity, the Default value is 65% and can be set (N67).

# 6 Errors and operation code

## **6.1 Error Code Table**

Table 7.1: Error code

Error			
code	Content	code	Content
A01	Emergency stop	C52	Abnormal communication between the IDU and Wi-Fi Kit
A11	R32 refrigerant leaks, requiring shutdown immediately	C61	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and display board
A51	Outdoor unit fault	C71	Abnormal communication between the AHU Kit slave unit and master unit
A71	The fault of the linked FAPU is transmitted to the master IDU (series setting)	C72	Number of AHU Kits is not the same as the set number
A72	The fault of the linked humidifying IDU is transmitted to the master IDU	C73	Abnormal communication between the linked humidifying IDU and master IDU
A73	The fault of the linked FAPU is transmitted to the master IDU (non-series setting)	C74	Abnormal communication between the linked FAPU and master IDU (series setting)
A74	The fault of the AHU Kit slave unit is sent to the master unit	C75	Abnormal communication between the linked FAPU and master IDU (non-series setting)
A81	Self-check fault	C76	Abnormal communication between the main wired controller and secondary wired controller
A82	MS (refrigerant flow direction switching device) fault	C77	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and 1# Expansion board
A91	Mode conflict	C78	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and 2# Expansion board
b11	1# EEV coil fault	C79	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and Switch board
b12	1# EEV body fault	C81	The indoor unit is in a power-off state
b13	2# EEV coil fault	d16	Air inlet temperature of the IDU is too low in heating mode
b14	2# EEV body fault	d17	Air inlet temperature of the IDU is too high in cooling mode
b34	Stall protection on 1# water pump	d81	Alarm for exceeding temperature and humidity range
b35	Stall protection on 2# water pump	dE1	Sensor control board fault
b36	Water level switch alarm	dE2	PM2.5 sensor fault
b71	Reheating electric heater fault	dE3	CO2 sensor fault
b72	Preprocessing electric heater fault	dE4	Formaldehyde sensor fault
b81	Humidifier fault	dE5	Human Detect sensor fault
C11	Duplicate IDU address code	E21	TO (fresh inlet air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off
C21	Abnormal communication between the IDU and ODU	E22	The upper dry bulb temperature sensor short-circuits or cuts off
C41	Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and fan drive board	E23	The lower dry bulb temperature sensor short-circuits or cuts off
C51	Abnormal communication between the IDU and wired controller	E24	T1 (IDU return air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off

Table 7.1: Error code(continues)

Error code	Content	Error code	Content
E31	The built-in room temperature sensor of the wired controller short-circuits or cuts off	U01	Locked (electronic lock)
E32	The wireless temperature sensor short-circuits or cuts off	U11	Unit model code not set
E33	The external room temperature sensor short-circuits or cuts off	U12	Capacity(HP) code not set
E61	Tcp (pre-cooled fresh air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	U14	Capacity(HP) code setting error
E62	Tph (pre-heated fresh air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	U15	AHU Kit fan control input signal DIP setting error
E81	TA (outlet air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	U26	Mismatch between indoor unit model and outdoor unit model
EA1	Outlet air humidity sensor fault	U38	Address code not detected
EA2	Return air humidity sensor fault	J01	Motor failed more than once
EA3	Upper wet bulb sensor fault	J1E	IPM (fan module) overcurrent protection
EA4	Lower wet bulb sensor fault	J11	Instantaneous overcurrent protection for phase current
EC1	R32 refrigerant leakage sensor fault	J3E	Low bus voltage fault
F01	T2A (heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	J31	High bus voltage fault
F11	T2 (heat exchanger middle temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	J43	Phase current sample bias error
F12	T2 (heat exchanger middle temperature sensor) over temperature protection	J45	Motor and IDU are unmatched
F21	T2B (heat exchanger gas pipe temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off	J47	IPM and IDU are unmatched
P71	Main control board EEPROM fault	J5E	Motor startup failure
P72	IDU display control board EEPROM fault	J52	Motor blocking protection
P31/P34	Fan drive board AC side overcurrent protection	J55	Speed control mode setting error
P52	The voltage of the power supply is too low	J6E	Phase lack protection of motor

## **6.2 Operating Status Codes**

Table 7.2:Operating Status Codes

Code	Content	Code	Content
d0	Oil return or preheating operation	d61	Remote shutdown
dC	Self-cleaning	d71	IDU backup operation
dd	Mode conflict	d72	ODU backup operation
dF	Defrosting	ОТА	Main control program upgrading
d51	Static pressure detection	dH	Hot water mode(Specific series)

## 7 Troubleshooting

## Warning



- All electrical work must be carried out by competent and suitably qualified, certified and accredited professionals and in accordance with all applicable legislation (all national, local and other laws, standards, codes, rules, regulations and other legislation that apply in a given situation).
- Power-off the unit before connecting or disconnecting any connections or wiring, otherwise electric shock (which can cause physical injury or death) may occur or damage to components may occur.

## 7.1.1 A01 – Emergency shutdown

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system: stop rui	nning, displaying code "A01" (V6 platform indoor	
Error impact	unit displays "A0" code)		
-	ODU of the same system: stop running, displaying code "A0	01" (V6 platform outdoor unit displays "A0" code)	
Error trigger	When the IDU receives an emergency shutdown signal from the ODU		
Error recovery	When the IDU automatically recovers after receiving an eme	ergency shutdown signal from the ODU.	
Possible cause	<ul><li>An emergency shutdown signal is received.</li><li>The IDU main control board is damaged.</li></ul>		
Troubleshooting	Find out the cause of the emergency shutdown and solve it before clearing the emergency shutdown signal  Check whether the fault is cleared  Yes  Fault cleared  Note:  1.Emergency shutdown is usually caused by the outdoor un sent by the central controller or external reasons. For detailed corresponding outdoor unit troubleshooting manual.		

## 7.1.2 A11 - R32 refrigerant leaks, requiring shutdown immediately

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	<ul> <li>Faulty IDU: The fan operates at the highest spatter power on again), and buzzer of the display wired controller connected to the faulty IDU kees</li> <li>Other IDUs of the same system: Refrigerant is other IDUs stop running, displaying code "A51"</li> <li>ODU of the same system: It stops running after recyclerefrigerant leaks.</li> </ul>	y control board of the faulty IDU and buzzer of peeping. recycled to ODU. After recycling is completed - ODU fault	
Error trigger	When the IDU main control board receives a refr detection device (See Figure 1 below)	rigerant leakage signal from R32 refrigeran	
Error recovery	Has not detected the refrigerant leak signal and rectification	has received the signal of refrigerant faul	
Possible cause	<ul> <li>R32 refrigerant of IDUs leaks.</li> <li>R32 refrigerant sensor is damaged or contaminated with external foreign matter (e.g. steam, oil)</li> <li>The IDU main control board is damaged.</li> </ul>		
Troubleshooting	Are there any R32 refrigerant leaks in the pipes?  No  Replace the main control board of the IDU.Is the fault cleared?  No  R32 refrigerant sensor has been damaged or contaminated by external foreign matter  Ves  Contact the technical support personnel of your dealer	Follow the instructions of Note (1)  Fault cleared  Replace R32 refrigerant sensor	

Note 1:

#### Step 1: Check whether pipes are leaking refrigerant.

#### Method

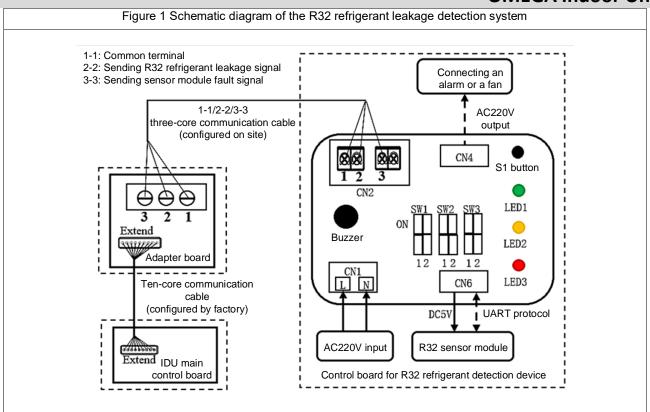
If the system is connected with the refrigerant cutoff device, use the refrigerant pressure gauge to connect the check valve of refrigerant cut-off device liquid or gas pipe; If the system is not connected with a refrigerant cut-off device, use the refrigerant pressure gauge to connect the check valve of refrigerant cut-off device liquid or gas pipe. Measuring the refrigerant saturation pressure in the pipeline on site.

(1)If the measured refrigerant saturation pressure on the liquid side or gas side is lower than the standard saturation pressure (see Table of Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R32 attached to this manual), there is a refrigerant leak. Follow the steps below to repair refrigerant leaks:

- Use a refrigerant recovery machine to recover refrigerant left in the unit (When the refrigerant leaks, the refrigerant shut-off device is closed. Therefore, the refrigerant needs to be recovered from the service port of the refrigerant cut-off device of the outdoor stop valve. When recovering the refrigerant, the outdoor unit needs to enter the vacuum mode to ensure the effect of refrigerant recovery.)
- Locate and repair pipeline leaks.
- After the repair is completed, the system is tested for gas tightness, refer to the Owner's and installation manual for details. If the gas tightness test is passed, go to the next step, otherwise repeat the step above until the gas tightness test is passed
- Replace the R32 sensor model of the faulty IDU.
- Recharge refrigerant according to the ODU Installation Manual.
- (2) If the measured refrigerant saturation pressure on the liquid side or gas side is equal to the standard saturation pressure (see Table of Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R32 attached to this manual), confirm whether there is a refrigerant leak by using refrigerant testing instruments. If it is determined that there is a refrigerant leak, please operate the refrigerant leak handling procedure above.

#### Step 2: Reset the R32 refrigerant detection device.

As shown in Figure 1 below, after an alarm is triggered for refrigerant leaks, the red LED indicator of the R32 refrigerant detection device (LED3) flashes twice every second. After leaks are repaired, press and hold the S1 button on the control board for 20s to reset the refrigerant detection device. After the device has been reset, all the LED indicators are lit for 2s before they become dimmed. Time the R32 sensor has been used will be cleared.



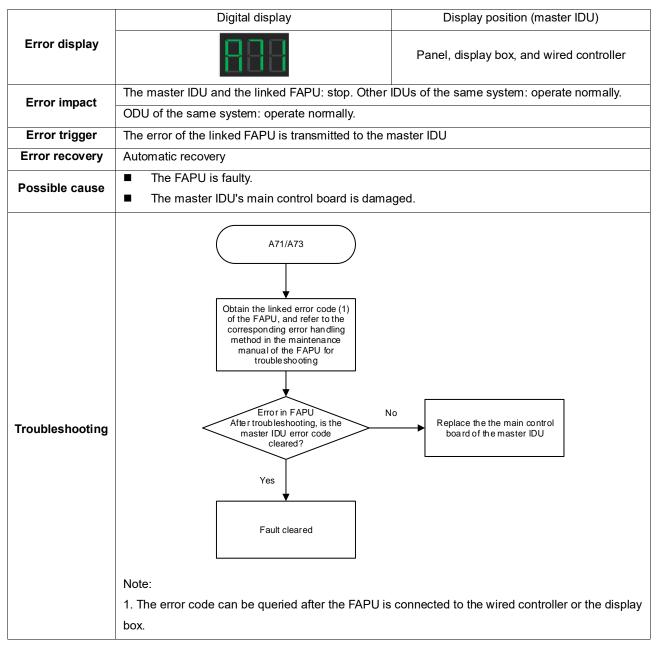
## 7.1.3 A51 - ODU fault

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system: The fan continues runnin and code "A51" is displayed (V6 platform IDU displays the code "Ed")  ODU of the same system:  stops.  The displayed code depends on the error type of the ODU. For the model of the ODU.		ays the code "Ed")  Doe of the ODU. For the meaning of the code,	
Error trigger	Duration of ODU error ≥ 10 minutes		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	<ul><li>The ODU error is transmitted to the IDU.</li><li>The IDU main control board is damaged.</li></ul>		
Troubleshooting	Troubleshoot ODU according to ODU Maintenance Guide  Check whether the fault is cleared  Yes  Fault cleared	Replace the main control board of the IDU	

#### 7.1.4 A71 - The error of the linked FAPU is transmitted to the master IDU (series setting)

Note:

- 1) The type of FAPU may be HRV, VRF fresh air IDU and so on.
- 2) Series setting: The air supply side of the linked FAPU is directly connected to the air return side of the master IDU through an air duct. A wired controller is used to set this installation method as a series connection.



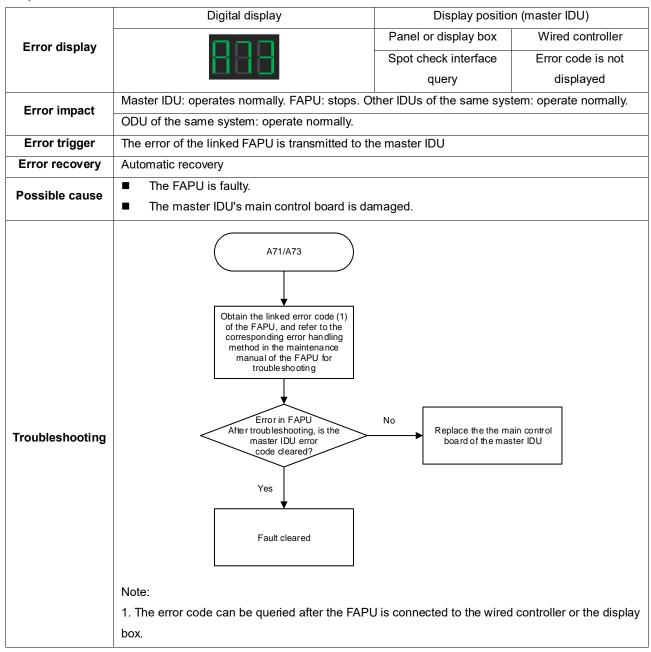
## 7.1.5 A72 - The error of the linked humidifying IDU is transmitted to the master IDU

	Digital display	Display position	(master IDU)
Error display	000	Panel or display box	Wired controller
Lifer display	┡╣╌╏╾	Spot check interface	Error code is not
		query	displayed
	Master IDU: operates normally. Humidifying IDU	Js: stop. Other IDUs of the	same system: operate
Error impact	normally.		
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	The error of the linked humidifying IDU is transn	nitted to the master IDU	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	■ The humidifying IDU is faulty.		
	■ The master IDU's main control board is da	maged.	
Troubleshooting	Obtain the linked error code (1) of the humidifying IDU, and refer to the corresponding error handling method in the maintenance manual of the humidifying IDU for troubleshooting  Error in humidifying IDU After troubleshooting, is the master IDU error code cleared? Yes  Fault cleared  Note:  1. The error code can be queried after the humid the display box.	Replace the the mass board of the mass diffying IDU is connected to	ster IDU

#### 7.1.6 A73 - The error of the linked FAPU is transmitted to the master IDU (non-series connection)

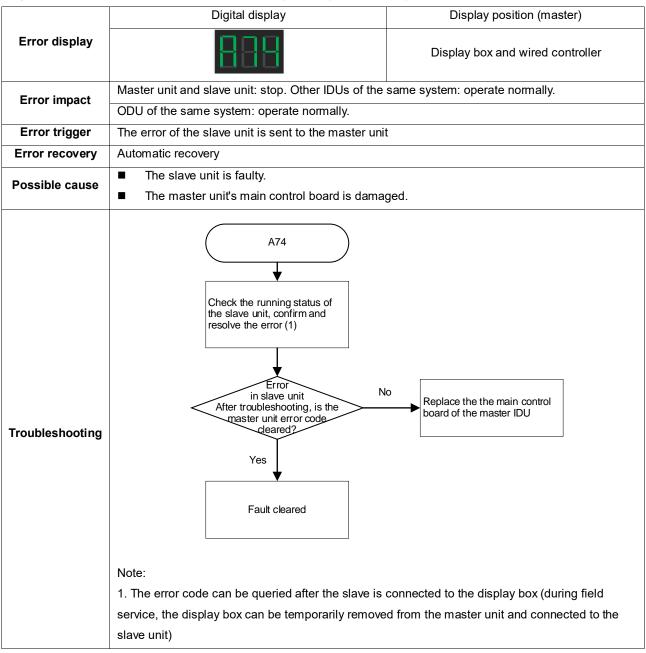
Note:

- 1) The type of FAPU may be HRV, VRF fresh air IDU and so on.
- 2) Series setting: The linked FAPU and the master IDU are connected to the air supply duct and air return duct respectively and separately. A wired controller is used to set this installation method as a non-series connection.



#### 7.1.7 A74 - The error of the AHU Kit slave unit is sent to the master unit

Note: When multiple AHU Kits are connected in parallel, the master AHU Kit (referred to as the master) communicates with the ODU, and the slave AHU Kit (referred to as the slave) communicates with the master unit. When the slave fails, the slave unit sends a fault signal to the master unit, and the master unit displays 'A74' (the slave fault).



## 7.1.8 A81 - Self-check fault

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	Faulty IDU: stops. Other IDUs of the same system:  IDUs that share the same MS with the faulty IDU will stop operating, while other IDUs in operation.  IDUs that share the same MS with the faulty IDU display the code "A81" (V6 platform displays the code "U4"). Meaning of the code: MS self-check fault); IDUs that are contoother MSs work properly.  ODU of the same system:  stops.  V8 platform ODU displays the code "A81", and V6 platform ODU displays the code Meaning of the code: MS self-check fault)		
Error trigger	The MS self-check fault lasts for at least 10 min		
Error recovery	The fault is cleared if one of the following conditions is met:  Automatic recovery 30 min after the MS fault is cleared  Power on again		
Possible cause	■ A fault may occur during the MS self-check pro	ocess.	
Troubleshooting	A fault may occur during the MS self-check process.  A81/A82  Open the MS electric control box connected to the IDU and check the error code displayed on the digital display of MS electric control box  Follow the instructions of the MS Maintenance Guide		

## 7.1.9 A82 - MS (refrigerant flow direction switching device) fault

	Digital display	Display position	
Faulty IDU	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the EEV is closed. Other IDUs of the same system:  ■ IDUs that share the same MS with the faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the EEV is closed. Other IDUs remain in operation.  ■ IDUs that share the same MS with the faulty IDU: V8 platform IDU displays the code "A82", and V6 platform IDU displays the code "F8". Meaning of the code: MS fault. IDUs that are connected to other MSs work properly.  ODU of the same system:  ■ Shutdown  ■ V8 platform ODU displays the code "A82" (V6 platform ODU displays the code "F8". Meaning of the code: MS fault)		
Error trigger	When the IDU receives a fault signal from MS		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery (Note: Duration from fault triggering to automatic recovery is at least 30 min)		
Possible cause	The MS is faulty.		
Troubleshooting	Open the MS electric control box connected to the IDU and check the error code displayed on the digital display of MS electric control box  Follow the instructions of the MS Maintenance Guide		

## 7.1.10 A91 - Mode conflict (V6 communication protocol adopted)

Available when using V6 platform wired controller.

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error display		(Note: Error codes are displayed 2 minutes
		after faults are triggered)
Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, ar		EV is closed. Other IDUs of the same system:
Error impact	operate normally.	
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
	nd the IDU is running in cooling mode or	
	dehumidification mode.	
Error trigger	■ The ODU is running in heating mode, and the	ne IDU is running in fan mode (note: the wired
	controller can be used to set whether the hea	ting mode conflicts with the fan mode).
	■ The ODU is running in cooling mode, and the	IDU is running in heating mode.
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
	■ The operation mode of IDU conflicts with that	of the ODU.
Possible cause	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.	
Troubleshooting	Reset IDU After operating mode (1), is the error cleared?  Yes  Replace the main control board of the IDU	

## 7.1.11 b11, b13 - Error in 1# electronic expansion valve coil, error in 2# electronic expansion valve coil

•	or in 1# electronic expansion valve coil, error i  Digital display	Display position		
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller		
	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.			
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.			
Error trigger	The IDU main control board cannot detect the feedback signal from the electronic expansion valve coil for no less than 4 seconds.			
Error recovery	After the unit is powered on again, the main control program detects a feedback signal from the electronic expansion valve.			
Possible cause	<ul> <li>The electronic expansion valve coil plugged into the EEV port in the IDU main control board is loose.</li> <li>The IDU main control board is damaged.</li> <li>The electronic expansion valve coil is faulty.</li> <li>The electronic expansion valve coil is short circuited or disconnected.</li> </ul>			
Troubleshooting	Sthe electronic expansion valve coil plugged into the EXV port in the IDU main control board loose?  No  Check the electronic expansion valve Is the coil abnormal (2)?  No  Check the electronic expansion valve Is the coil adapter short circuited or disconnected (3)?  No  Replace the main control board of the IDU	Reconnect the plug tightly  Replace the electronic expansion valve coil  Replace the adapter		

#### Note:

- 1. The error code corresponds to the following two situations:
- a. If there is only one electronic expansion valve port on the main control board of the IDU, when an error occurs in the electronic expansion valve coil connected to the EEV port, the error code is b05.
- b. If there are two electronic expansion valve ports on the main control board of the IDU named EEV1 and EEV2, when an error occurs in the electronic expansion valve coil connected to port EEV1, the error code is b05; when an error occurs in the electronic expansion valve coil connected to port EEV2, the error code is b07.
- 2. In Figure 1 below: The numbers 1 to 5 stand for the pins of different colours paired with individual wires which have the same colour as the pin. 5(com) is a pin of the common terminal, and number 6 is a null pin without any wire connected; an XHP coil plug is used to connect to the EEV port of the main control board, and an APM coil plug is used to connect to the A-direction plug of the adapter wire (see Figure 2 below). Table 1 shows the resistance between pin 1-4 and pin 5 (the common terminal) when the electronic expansion valve coil is in a normal state. If the resistance is near zero or significantly deviates from its normal state, the coil is damaged.

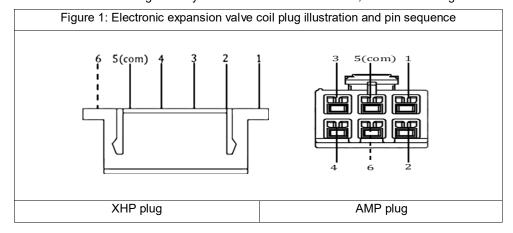
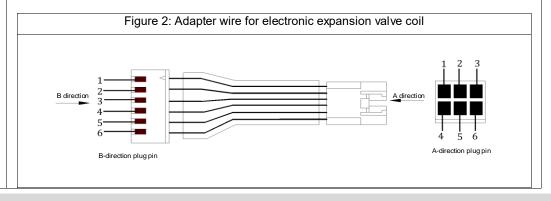


Table 1: Resistance between pins with an electronic expansion valve coil in normal				
condition				
Pin measured	Resistance in normal status			
1-5	40-50Ω			
2-5	40-50Ω			
3-5	40-50Ω			
4-5	40-50Ω			

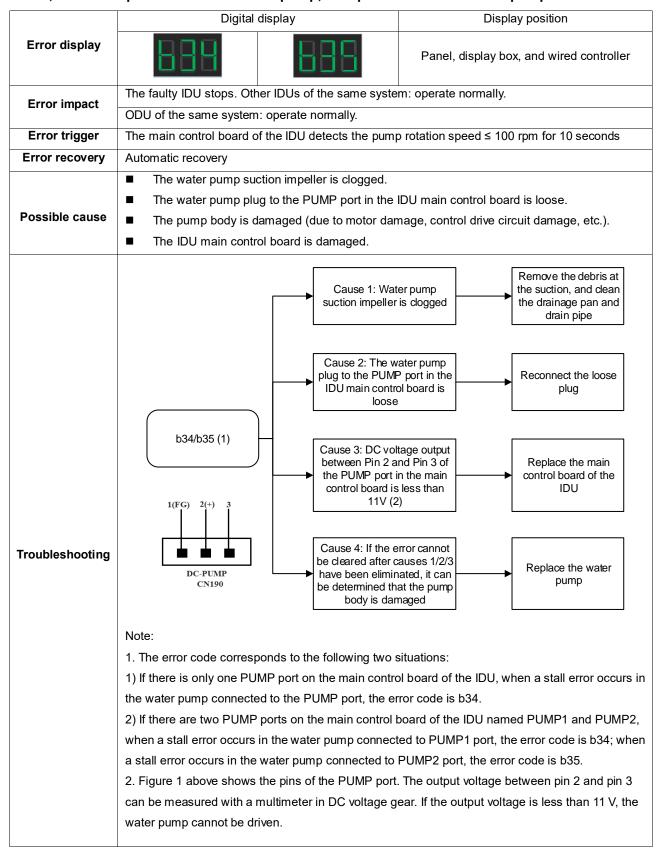
3. When the distance between the throttle part and the main control board of the IDU in need of connection is too great, you will need an adapter wire for the electronic expansion valve coil. This is shown in Figure 2 below: Use a multimeter to measure the resistance between the pin in the plug at end A of each wire and at end B. A resistance value close to 0 indicates a short circuit has occurred in the wire, and a resistance value close to infinity indicates an open circuit of the wire.



# 7.1.12 b12, b14 - Error in 1# electronic expansion valve body, error in 2# electronic expansion valve body

	Digital display	Display position		
Error display		Panel or display box	Wired controller	
Error display		Spot check interface query	Error code is not displayed	
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same syste	em: operate normally.		
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.			
	■ Return air temperature(T1) - Heat exchang	er liquid pipe temperature (T2A)	) > Set value	
Error trigger	■ IDU EEV=0, ODU running in cooling mode	and compressor speed ≠0		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
	■ The electronic expansion valve needle is stuck or clogged.			
Possible cause	■ The electronic expansion valve coil is damaged and unable to drive the valve body.			
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.			
Troubleshooting	Remove the coil and fix it to the valve body again. Is the fault cleared?  No  Replace the coil and re-energize. Is the error cleared?  No  Replace the main control board Is the fault cleared?  No  Replace the electronic expansion valve body (the interior of the body is clogged or the valve needle is stuck)  Note:  1. The error code corresponds to the following to	Yes Operate normally (loose  Operate normally (the cannot drive the valve because of the cannot drive the valve because of the cannot be driven)  Operate normally (the main control board in damaged and the electric expansion valve bod cannot be driven)  vo situations:	coil ody)	
	1) If there is only one electronic expansion valve		of the IDU, when	
	in internal leakage error occurs in the electronic expansion valve body connected to the EEV port,			
	the error code is b12.			
	2) If there are two electronic expansion valve ports on the main control board of the IDU named			
	EEV1 and EEV2, when there is a leak inside the electronic expansion valve body connected to			
	port EEV1, the error code is b12; when there is a connected to port EEV2, the error code is b14.	·		

#### 7.1.13 b34, b35 - Stall protection for 1# water pump, stall protection on 2# water pump



#### 7.1.14 b36 - Water level switch alarm error

7.1.14 D30 - Wall	er level switch alarm error				
	Digital display	Display position			
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller			
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: o	perate normally.			
Lifoi impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.				
Error trigger	The water level switch alarm is triggered when the floater of the water level switch rises to the warning water level and lasts for 5 min.				
Error recovery	Automatic recovery				
Possible cause	<ul> <li>The drain pump/water level switch is damaged.</li> <li>Water level switch float is stuck by a foreign object</li> <li>The water level switch plug or short-circuit plug to the WATER port of the IDU main control board is loose.</li> <li>Non-standard installation results in abnormal drainage: The drain pipe is blocked; the improperly sloped drain pipe causes the condensate water to flow backwards; and the lift of the drain pipe exceeds the allowable value.</li> <li>The IDU main control board is damaged.</li> </ul>				
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: Tswitch plug plug to the the IDU main loc  Cause 3: Tswitch is  Cause 4: Tswitch float discharge float discharge float abnormal  Cause 7: Cc circuit plug port of the board. If the can be determain cor	Remove dirt and clean the drainage pan and drain pipe  Reconnect the loose plug  Replace the water level damaged (2)  Replace the water level level switch  Replace the water level level switch  Move the floater to remove impurities and reset the floater switch  Take measures according to Note (3)  Take measures according to Note (4)  Take measures according to Note (4)  Replace the water level remove impurities and reset the floater switch  Take measures according to Note (4)  Replace the main control board of the IDU  Replace the main control board of the IDU			

#### Note:

- 1. The plug attached to the WATER port of the main control board corresponds to the following two cases:
- a. The factory default of IDUs without a water level switch uses a short-circuit plug to seal the WATER port.
- b. IDUs with a water level switch use a water level switch plug to seal the WATER port.
- 2. Use a multimeter to measure the resistance between the pins corresponding to the two wires of the water level switch plug. 1) After the floater of the water level switch is moved upwards to the highest position, the water level switch is in a short-circuited state, and the resistance value is infinite. 2) After the floater of the water level switch is moved downwards to the lowest position, the water level switch is closed, and the resistance value is less than 1  $\Omega$ . If the detected resistance value does not meet the above values, the water level switch is damaged.
- 3. Possible causes and solutions for the situation where the pump outlet does not discharge water or the discharge flow is very small: 1) The water pump plug to the PUMP port in the IDU main control board is loose. Reconnect it firmly. 2) The drain pump suction impeller is clogged. Remove the debris causing the clog to make the pump continue running. 3) If the error cannot be cleared after implementing solutions for causes 1) and 2), the drain pump body is damaged. Replace the drain pump.
- 4. Possible causes and solutions for abnormal drainage due to non-standard installation: 1) If the drain pipe is blocked, remove the debris and clean the drainage pan and the drain pipe of the IDU. 2) If the drain pipe is improperly installed, which causes the condensate water to flow backward, tilt the IDU to the drainage side by a certain gradient (inclination ≥ 1%). The centralized drain pipe must be lower than the drainage outlet of the unit. Air outlets must be placed at the highest horizontal pipeline (see Installation and Operation Manual of IDUs). 3) If the lift of the drain pipe exceeds the allowable value, reduce the vertical height of the drain pipe or replace the drain pump with the one which has a higher lift.

## 7.1.15 C11 - Duplicate IDU address code

	Digital display	Display	position
		Panel or display box	Wired controller
Error display	ппп	Error code and address	Curan and and address
		code are displayed	Error code and address
		alternately (2)	code flash simultaneously
	Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the El	EV is closed. Other IDUs of	the same system: The fa
	continues running, the EEV is closed, and error coo	de "A51" is displayed (V6 pla	tform IDU displays the cod
	"Ed"). Meaning of the code: ODU fault		
Error impact	ODU of the same system:		
	■ Stop.		
	■ Error code "C26" is displayed (V6 platform ODL	J displays the code "H7"). Me	aning of the code: IDU qty
	decrease fault		
Error trigger	Repeated address codes for IDU		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	■ Duplicate IDU address code (▲)		
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.		
	( C11 )		
	Locate the	Yes	
	IDU that reports repeated addresses.	Reset the addres	s (1)
	Is the address		
	repeated?		
	No <b>▼</b>		
	Replace the main control		
	board of the IDU (the communication circuit of the		
	main control board is		
Troubleshooting	damaged)		
	(▲): The common reasons for address code duplicat	ion are as follows:	
	1. After replacing the main control board, the address was not reset, resulting in address duplication. The		
	address can be manually set using the controller or the indoor unit address can be cleared at the outdoor unit		
	and then automatically addressed again.		
	2. In systems where the nominal capacity of an indoo	or unit is greater than or equal	to 20KW, the indoor unit
	usually occupies more than two addresses (one real address + several virtual addresses, see Note 1 below),		
	which may cause the addresses of other indoor units	in the system to duplicate with	h the virtual addresses of th
	large indoor unit. In this case, the indoor unit address	can be cleared at the outdoo	or unit and then automatical
	addressed again, or the controller can be used to ma	nually set the address to avoi	id duplicate codes when the
	duplicate address code is known.		

Note:

1. The following table shows the number of addresses and address codes for any IDU with different HP/capabilities.

Nominal capacity (kW)	capacity (HP)	Number of IDUs (N)	Number of addresses (N)	Address code	Address code to be queried at the centralized controller or wired controller (**)
kW<20	HP<7	1	1	Address code can be any integer from 0 to 63, denoted by X	X
20≤kW<4 0	7≤HP<14	1	2	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 62, denoted by X, and the virtual address following it is X+1	X
40≤kW<7 8.5	14≤HP<28	1	4	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 60, denoted by X, and the virtual addresses following it are: X+1, X+2, X+3	×
78.5≤kW <101	28≤HP<36	1	5	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 59, denoted by X, and the virtual addresses following it are: X+1, X+2, X+3, X+4	X
101≤kW< 112	36≤HP<40	1	6	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 58, denoted by X, and the virtual addresses following it are: X+1, X+2, X+3, X+4, X+5	X
kW>112	HP>40	1	8	The address code can be any integer from 0 to 56, denoted by X, and the virtual addresses following it are: X+1, X+2, X+3, X+4, X+5, X+6, X+7	X

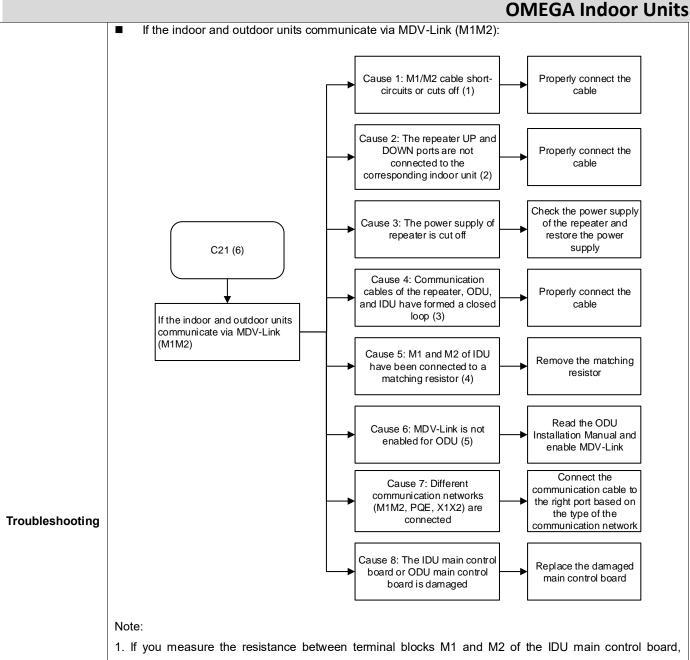
- ★Example: If one IDU is 5 HP and the address code is set to 1, then the query address at the centralized controller side or wired controller side is 1. If one IDU is 20 HP and the address code is set to 5, then this IDU has four address codes, which are 5, 6, 7, and 8, but the query address at the centralized controller side or wired controller side is 5.
- 2. Repeated display of address codes and confirmation of repeated address codes

	Error code	Display box/panel	Wired controller
IDU with repeated address codes (number of addresses N = 1)	C11	Error code "C11" and address code are displayed alternately every 1s (★1)	Error code "C11" is displayed
IDU with repeated address codes (number of addresses N>1)	C11	If the number of repeated address codes is 1, then the error code "C11" is displayed alternately with the minimum address code every 1s. If the number of repeated address codes is >1, then the error code "C11" is displayed alternately with the minimum address code every 1s; (*2)	Error code "C11" is displayed

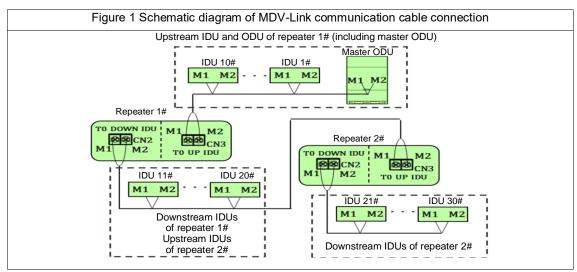
- ★ Example 1: If IDU 1 is 5 HP and the address code is set to 1, and IDU 2 is 5 HP and the address code is set to 1 too, then the display box or panel of IDU 1 and IDU 2 will alternately display the code C11 and the address code 1.
- ★Example 2: If IDU 1 is 20 HP and the address code is set to 1 (the addresses actually occupied are 1, 2, 3, and 4), IDU 2 is 5 HP and the address code is set to 2, IDU 3 is 5 HP and the address code is set to 3, then the display box or panel of IDU 1 will alternately display the code C11 and the address code 2 (If there are multiple repeated addresses, then the minimum address code is displayed); the display box or panel of IDU 2 will alternately display the code C11 and the address code 2; and the display box or panel of IDU 3 will alternately display the code C11 and the address code 3.

## 7.1.16 C21 - Abnormal communication between IDU and ODU

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the EEV is continues running, the EEV is closed, and error code "A5" "Ed"). Meaning of the code: ODU fault  ODU of the same system:  stops.  Error code "C26" is displayed (V6 platform ODU displayers fault	i1" is displayed (V6 platform IDU displays the code
Error trigger	If the IDU has not received any communication signal fro	m ODU for 3 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.	
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: Co are not con  Cause 3: conner  Cause 4: T cable does  If the indoor and outdoor units communicate via RS-485  Cause 4: T cable does	Properly connect the cable  Connect the cables in a series  Connect P/Q/E to the right port  Communication  Connect P/Q/E to the right port  Use shielded cables  Separate the communication cables layer  Separate the communication cable from the strong-current power cable
	electromagne (transfor fluoresc	Eliminate sources of interference or add one more shield to the cable  Connect the communication cable to the right port based on
	Cause 8: Th	·



- normally this resistance is greater than 1  $\mbox{M}\Omega.$
- 2. Figure 1 shows the schematic diagram of MDV-Link communication line connection. The connection of repeater wires must comply with the following requirements. Otherwise, an IDU communication fault may occur.



- 1) The UP communication port of 1# repeater is connected to the communication port of 10# IDU, and the DOWN communication port of 1# repeater is connected to the communication port of 11# IDU.
- 2) The UP communication port of 2# repeater is connected to the communication port of 20# IDU, and the DOWN communication port of 2# repeater is connected to the communication port of 21# IDU.
- 3) For each repeater added, 10 IDUs and 200 m communication distance can be added. A refrigerant system allows the addition of a maximum of 2 repeaters and can connect to up to 30 IDUs. If more than 30 IDUs are connected, please allocate separate refrigerant systems.
- 3. If communication cables connecting the communication ports of the repeater, IDU and ODU form a closed loop, it will cause a communication fault.
- 4. RS-485 communication cables must be connected hand in hand. If communication is unstable, a matching resistor needs to be added to the last IDU on the PQ (in the accessory bag of the ODU). However, a matching resistor should not be added between M1 and M2. Otherwise, a communication fault may occur.
- 5. To select the communication mode MDV-Link (M1M2), users must go to the ODU menu item to change the mode (For the setting method, refer to the ODU Installation Manual). Otherwise, communication faults may occur.
- 6. The V8 platform ODU typically uses the V8 communication protocol. If there are any IDUs that use a non-V8 platform, users must go to the ODU menu item to change the communication protocol (Please refer to the ODU Installation Manual for setup instructions). Otherwise, these IDUs will display communication fault codes (For the code number, please refer to the IDU wiring nameplate).

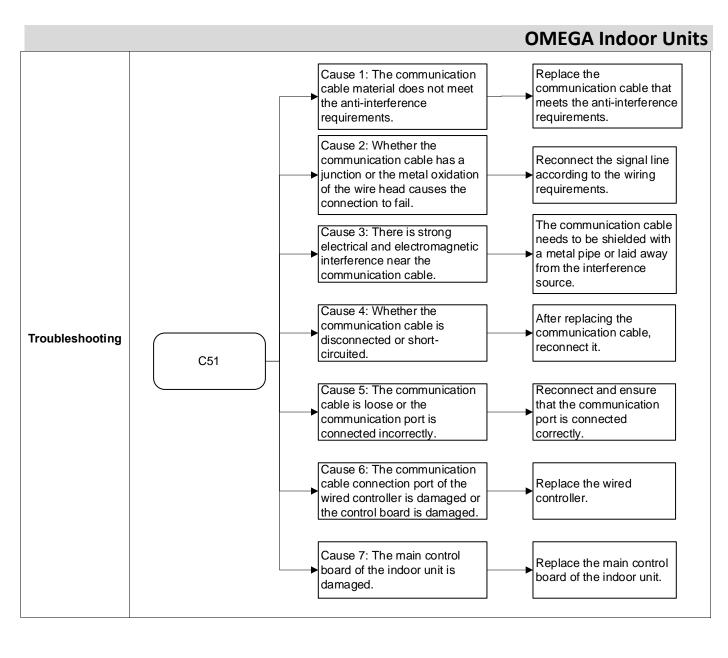
## 7.1.17 C41 - Abnormal communication between IDU main control board and fan drive board

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: o ODU of the same system: operate normally.	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.  ODLL of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost communicati	ion with the fan drive board for 2 min (3)	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	<ul> <li>The fan drive board is damaged.</li> <li>The IDU main control board is damaged.</li> <li>The communication cable between the fan drive board and the IDU main control board has become loose.</li> </ul>		
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: The II board is	main control board, if either the fan drive board or	

#### 7.1.18 C51 - Abnormal communication between the IDU and wired controller

Note: The error code C51 can be triggered either at the IDU side or at the wired controller side.

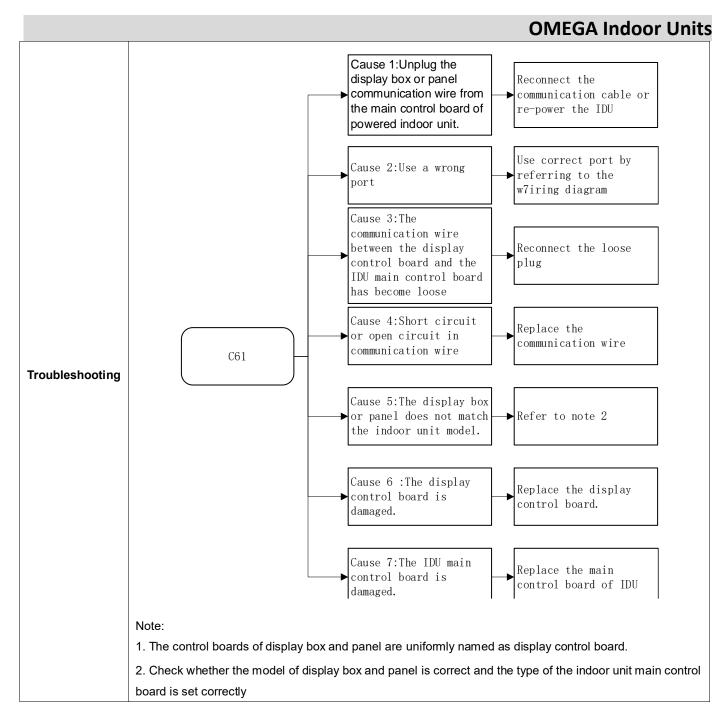
	Digital display	Display p	position	
		Triggered at the IDU side	Triggered at the wired controller side	
		The error code "C51" can be		
Error display		queried by entering the spot	The error code "C51" is	
		check interface of the panel or	displayed only on the wired	
		display box, but the error code is	controller rather than on the	
		not displayed on the wired	panel or display box.	
		controller.		
	■ Triggered at the IDU side: The fa	ulty IDU and other IDUs of the same	system: operate normally.	
Error impact	■ Triggered at the wired controller	side: The wired controller is unavaila	ble.	
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.			
	■ Triggered at the IDU side: If the main control board of an IDU has lost communication with wired			
Error trigger	controller for 2 min			
Lifoi trigger	■ Triggered at the wired controller side: If the wired controller has not received any reply from the main			
	control board of an IDU for 1 min			
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
	■ The wired controller is damaged			
Possible cause  The IDU main control board is damaged.		amaged.		
	■ Communication cables are loose or the communication port is faulty.			
	■ Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off.			
	■ The communication cable material does not meet the anti-interference requirements or is subject to			
	strong electrical interference			



#### 7.1.19 C61 - Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and display control board

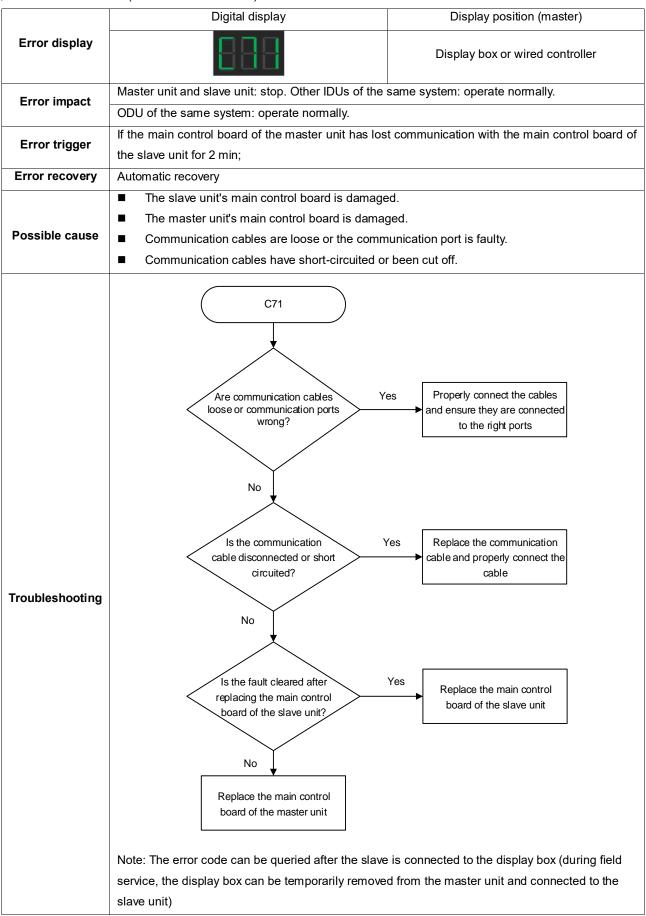
Note: The error code C61 can be triggered either at the IDU side or at the panel or display box side.

	Digital display	Display	position	
Error display		Triggered at the IDU side	Triggered at the panel or display box side	
		Panel, display box, and	Panel, display box, and	
		wired controller	wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same syste	em: operate normally.		
Lifoi impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.			
	■ Triggered at the IDU side: If the main con	ntrol board of the IDU has be	en connected to the display	
Error trigger	board but has not communicated with the o	display board for 2 min;		
Life trigger	■ Triggered at panel or display box side: If the	the display board has not received any reply from the main		
	control board of an IDU for 1 min			
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
	■ Unplug the display box or panel communication wire from the main control board of powered indoor			
	unit.			
	Use a wrong port to connect display control board and IDU main control board.			
	■ The communication wire between the display control board and the IDU main control board has			
Possible cause	become loose.			
	Short circuit or open circuit in communication wire			
	■ The display box or panel does not match the	ne indoor unit model.		
	■ The display control board is damaged.			
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.			



#### 7.1.20 C71 - Abnormal communication between AHU Kit slave unit and master unit

Note: When multiple AHU Kits are connected in parallel, the master AHU Kit (referred to as the master) communicates with the ODU, and the slave AHU Kit (referred to as the slave) communicates with the master control box.



#### 7.1.21 C72 - Number of AHU Kits is not the same as the set number

Note: When multiple AHU Kits are connected in parallel, the master AHU Kit (referred to as the master) communicates with the ODU, and the slave AHU Kit (referred to as the slave) communicates with the master control box.

	Digital display	Display position (master)	
Error display	88	Display box or wired controller	
	Master unit and slave unit: stop. Other IDUs of the sa	ame system: stops.	
	ODU of the same system:		
Error impact	■ stops.		
	■ Error code "C26" is displayed (V6 platform O	DU displays the code "H7"). Meaning of the	
	code: IDU qty decrease fault		
Error trigger	When it is detected that the number of AHU Kits in o	operation is different from the set number and	
	this lasts for 3 min		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	The master unit's or slave unit's main control board is damaged.		
	The actual number of AHU Kits is different from the set number.		
	Communication between the master unit and sl	ave unit fails.	
	Cause 1: The acture of AHU Kits is different the set number 1.	erent from Kits based on the actual	
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: The ma or slave unit's ma board is dam	in control Replace the damaged	
The desired and the second	Cause 3: Common between master slave unit has	unit and → according to	
	Note: The error code can be queried after the slave is service, the display box can be temporarily removed slave unit)		

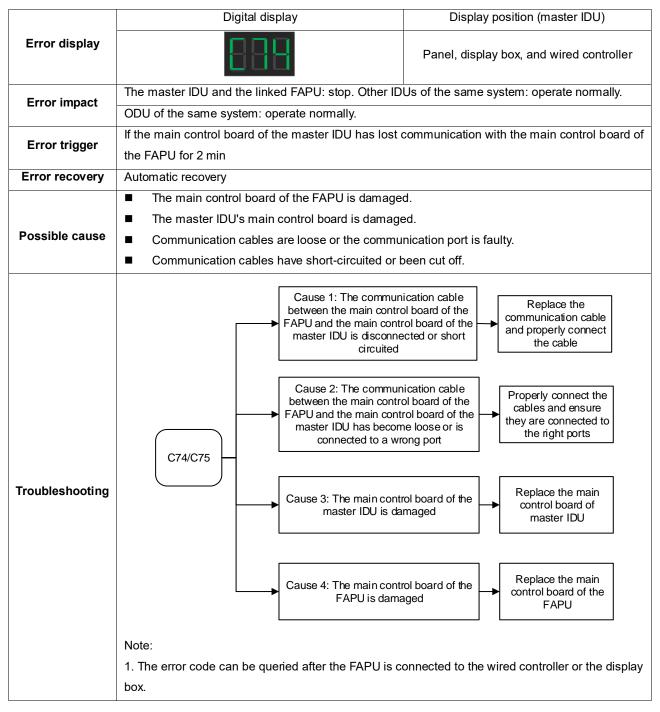
## 7.1.22 C73 - Abnormal communication between the linked humidifying IDU and master IDU

	Digital display	Display position	on (master IDU)
Error display	000	Panel or display box	Wired controller
Ellor display		Spot check interface query	Error code is not displayed
Error impact	Master IDU: operates normally. Humidifying ID normally.  ODU of the same system: operate normally.	Us: stop. Other IDUs of th	ne same system: operate
Error trigger	If the main control board of the master IDU has the humidifying IDU for 2 min	lost communication with	the main control board of
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	<ul> <li>The main control board of the humidifying</li> <li>The master IDU's main control board is da</li> <li>Communication cables are loose or the control communication cables have short-circuite</li> </ul>	amaged. ommunication port is faulty	<i>'</i> .
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: cable betw board of the the main or IDU is dis  Cause 2: cable betw board of the the main master IDU is conner  Cause 3: Tof the ma	The communication veen the main control board of the laster IDU is damaged  The main control board ster IDU is damaged  Research to the laster IDU is damaged	Replace the ommunication cable and properly connect the cable  Properly connect the cables and ensure they reconnected to the right ports  Replace the main control roard of the master IDU  Replace the main control roard of the humidifying IDU

#### 7.1.23 C74 - Abnormal communication between the linked FAPU and master IDU (series setting)

Note:

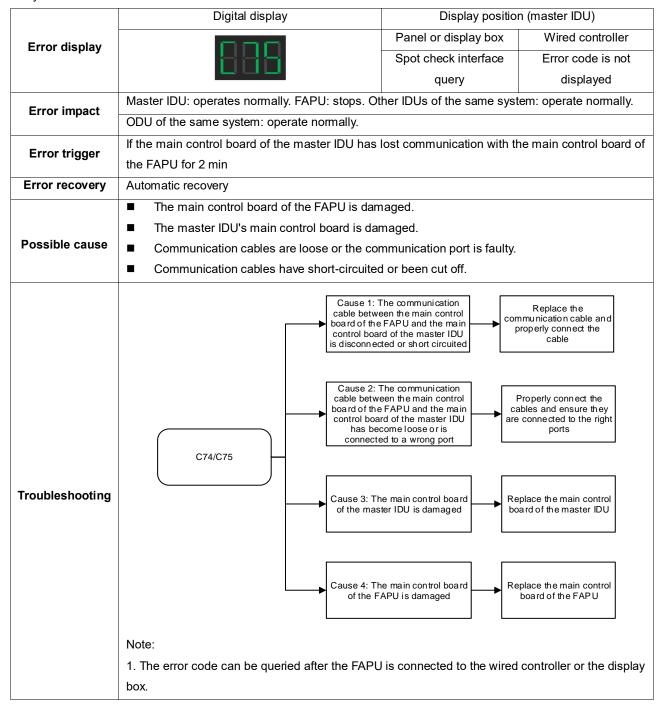
- 1) The type of FAPU may be HRV, VRF fresh air IDU and so on.
- 2) Series setting: The air supply side of the linked FAPU is directly connected to the air return side of the master IDU through an air duct. A wired controller is used to set this installation method as a series connection.



#### 7.1.24 C75 - Communication fault between linked FAPU and master IDU (non-series setting)

Note:

- 1) The type of FAPU may be HRV, VRF fresh air IDU and so on.
- 2) Series setting: The linked FAPU and the master IDU are connected to the air supply duct and air return duct respectively and separately. A wired controller is used to set this installation method as a non-series connection.

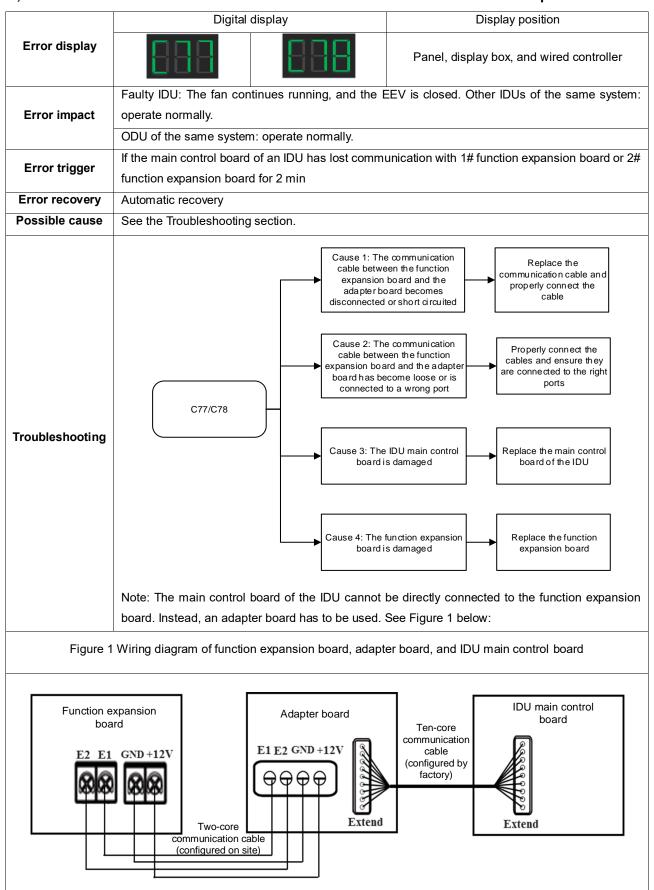


## 7.1.25 C76 - Abnormal communication between the main wired controller and secondary wired controller

Note: The error code C51 can be triggered either at the IDU side or at the wired controller side.

	Digital display	Display position (secondary wired controller)	
Error display	888	The error code "C76" is displayed only on the secondary wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the sa	me system: operate normally. The wired controller does not work.	
	ODU of the same system: operate norm	nally.	
Error trigger	If the secondary wired controller has no	t received any reply from the main wired controller for 1 min	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
	■ The secondary wired controller is	damaged.	
Possible cause	■ Communication cables are loose of	or the communication port is faulty.	
	■ Communication cables have short-circuited or been cut off.		
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: The communication cable between the secondary wired controller has become disconnected or short circuited  Cause 2: The communication cable and properly connect the cable between the secondary wired controller and the main wired controller has become loose or is connected to a wrong port  Cause 3: The secondary wired controller is damaged  Replace the communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports  Replace the communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports  Replace the secondary wired controller is damaged		

# 7.1.26 C77, C78 - Abnormal communication between IDU main control board and 1# function expansion board, abnormal communication between IDU main control board and 2# function expansion board



## 7.1.27 C79 - Abnormal communication between the IDU main control board and adapter board

	Digital display		Display position
Error display	888		Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	Faulty IDU: The fan continues running, and the EEV is closed. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.  ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has	lost comm	munication with the adapter board for 2 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.		
Troubleshooting	C79	cable betwheat of the board has or Cause 2 cable betwheat board of the board has connect Cause 3:	1: The communication etween the main control the IDU and the adapter as become disconnected or short circuited  2: The communication etween the main control the IDU and the adapter has become loose or is exted to a wrong port  Replace the communication cable and properly connect the cables and ensure they are connected to the right ports  Replace the main control the IDU main control oard is damaged  Replace the main control the right ports  Replace the main control board of the IDU  Replace the main control board of the IDU  Replace the main control board of the IDU  Replace the main control board of the IDU

#### 7.1.28 C81—The indoor unit is in a power-off state

Error impact    The faulty indoor unit and the panels, display boxes, and wired controllers connected to it will stop running, and the central controller or various types of control terminal software will display "C81".   Other indoor units in the same system are operating normally. The outdoor unit in the same system is operating normally. However that are in a powered-off state). HyperLink will closes the electronic expansion valve of the powered-off indoor unit.    Error trigger   The power supply to the indoor unit has been detected as being cut off.	7.1.20 Col Tile III	door unit is in a power-on state	D: 1
Error impact  The faulty indoor unit and the panels, display boxes, and wired controllers connected to it will stop running, and the central controller or various types of control terminal software will display "C81".  Other indoor units in the same system are operating normally. The outdoor unit in the same system is operating normally, displaying 'd41'(There are indoor units in the system that are in a powered-off state). HyperLink will closes the electronic expansion valve of the powered-off indoor unit.  Error recovery  The power supply to the indoor unit has been detected as being cut off.  The faulty indoor unit will automatically resume operation once power supply is restored.  The power supply to the indoor unit has been cut off.  The main control board of the indoor unit is damaged  C81  Check the reason for the power supply being cut off (such as indoor unit, restore its power supply), and observe whether the fault is resolved.  Replace the main control board  Replace the main control board		Digital display	Display position
running, and the central controller or various types of control terminal software will display "C81".  Other indoor units in the same system are operating normally. The outdoor unit in the same system is operating normally, displaying 'd41'(There are indoor units in the system that are in a powered-off state). HyperLink will closes the electronic expansion valve of the powered-off indoor unit.  Error trigger  The power supply to the indoor unit has been detected as being cut off.  The faulty indoor unit will automatically resume operation once power supply is restored.  The power supply to the indoor unit has been cut off. The main control board of the indoor unit is damaged  C81  C81  Check the reason for the power supply being cut off (such as intentional power outage/short circuit, circuit breaker tripped due to leakage), and correct it  No  Replace the main control board	Error display	888	
The faulty indoor unit will automatically resume operation once power supply is restored.  The power supply to the indoor unit has been cut off. The main control board of the indoor unit is damaged  C81  C81  Check the reason for the power supply being cut off (such as intentional power outage/short circuit, circuit breaker tripped due to leakage), and correct it  Replace the main control board	Error impact	running, and the central controller or various  Other indoor units in the same system are of The outdoor unit in the same system is operating system that are in a powered-off state).	s types of control terminal software will display "C81". perating normally. ng normally, displaying 'd41'(There are indoor units in the
The power supply to the indoor unit has been cut off.  The main control board of the indoor unit is damaged  C81  Check the reason for the power supply being cut off (such as intentional power outage/short circuit, circuit breaker tripped due to leakage), and correct it  Replace the main control board	Error trigger	The power supply to the indoor unit has been dete	ected as being cut off.
Troubleshooting  The main control board of the indoor unit is damaged  Cast  Check the reason for the power supply being cut off (such as intentional power outage/short circuit, circuit breaker tripped due to leakage), and correct it  Replace the main control board	Error recovery	The faulty indoor unit will automatically resume op	peration once power supply is restored.
Troubleshooting  Check the reason for the power supply being cut off (such as intentional power outage/short circuit, circuit breaker tripped due to leakage), and correct it  Replace the main control board	Possible cause		
Note: The C81 fault trigger is only supported when both the indoor and outdoor units belong to the V8 series	Troubleshooting	Locate the powered-off indoor unit, restore its power supply, and observe whether the fault is resolved.  No  Replace the main control board  Note: The C81 fault trigger is only supported when	Yes  supply being cut off (such as intentional power outage/short circuit, circuit breaker tripped due to leakage), and correct it  n both the indoor and outdoor units belong to the V8 series
and the communication line between the indoor and outdoor units is connected to the M1/M2 ports.		and the communication line between the indoor a	and outdoor units is connected to the M1/M2 ports.

## 7.1.29 d16 - Air inlet temperature of IDU is too low in heating mode

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.		
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	If the air inlet temperature of the IDU is lower than the set value (See the operating temperature range set out in the IDU Manual) for 5 min in heating mode		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.		
	temperature a inlet air tempe check result is measured resul is a normal profor the unit. Of caus	check the inlet air and measure the rature. If the point the same as the lit (error ≤ 1°C), it objection measure therwise, refer to the 2/3/4	
Troubleshooting	inlet air temper the main con IDU, measur value, and co Table of Sens Temperature C If the temp corresponds t value deviate inlet air temper	nove the plug of the ature sensor from trot board of the trot sensor is naged.  Replace the inlet air temperature sensor temperature sensor temperature by more the sensor is naged.	
	comes into co source, such as condensed surface of a which causes t	ne sensor body Intact with a cold Is low-temperature water and cold neat exchanger, he detected value In the normal value	
	cleared after c	e e rror cannot be auses 1/2/3 have d, the main control board of the IDU	
	Note:  1. The inlet air temperature sensor is commonly for defined as T0), and its resistance and temperature temperature sensor. Please refer to the Table of Te listed in the Maintenance Manual to learn more about	characteristics are similar to T1 - return air mperature Sensor Resistance Characteristics	

## 7.1.30 d17 - Air inlet temperature of IDU is too high in cooling mode

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.		
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	•	If the air inlet temperature of the IDU is higher than the set value (See the operating temperature range set out in the IDU Manual) for 5 min in cooling mode	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.		
	Cause 1: Spot check temperature and measu temperature. If the point is the same as the mea (error ≤ 1°C), it is a non measure for the unit. Othe cause 2/3/4  Cause 2: Remove the plu	protection measure for the IDU. When the inlet air temperature is lower than the set value, the fault will be cleared	
Troubleshooting	d17  temperature sensor from to board of the IDU, measur value, and compare it wing Sensor Resistance - To Characteristics (1). If the tocorresponds to the resingular deviates from the act temperature by more than is damaged.	re its resistance th the Table of Temperature temperature that istance value tual inlet air 15°C, the sensor	
Troubleshooting	Cause 3: The sensor body contact with a hot source sunlight or hot surface exchanger, which cause value to be lower than the	s, such as direct the interference of external hot source to the sensor	
	Cause 4: If the error can after causes 1/2/3 have b the main control board damaged	een eliminated, of the IDU is Replace the main control board of the	
	Note:  1. The inlet air temperature sensor is commonly fou defined as T0), and its resistance and temperature temperature sensor. Please refer to the Table of Ter listed in the Maintenance Manual to learn more about	characteristics are similar to T1 - return air mperature Sensor Resistance Characteristics	

#### 7.1.31 dE1 - Sensor control board fault

	Digital display		Disp	olay position
Error display	888		Panel, display b	oox, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.  ODU of the same system: operate normally.			
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU		unication with sensor con	trol board for 2 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.			
Troubleshooting	dE1	between the ma the IDU and the coard has become short  Cause 2: The co between the ma IDU and the ac become  Cause 3: The board is	mmunication cable in control board of e sensor control ne disconnected or circuited  mmunication cable in control board of dapter board has ne loose  IDU main control damaged	Replace the communication cable and properly connect the cable  Connect the cable properly  Replace the main control board of the IDU  Replace the sensor control board

## 7.1.32 dE2 - PM2.5 sensor fault

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system	n: operate normally.
opast	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost comm	unication with PM2.5 sensor for 2 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.	
Troubleshooting	between the PM2 sensor control disconnected of the control	mmunication cable 2.5 sensor and the board becomes or short circuited  Connect the cable  Connect the cable properly  Connect the cable properly  Replace the communication cable and properly  Connect the cable properly  Replace the main control board of the IDU
	after causes 1 eliminated, the	or cannot be cleared /2/3 have been PM2.5 sensor is laged Replace the PM2.5 sensor (1)
	Note:  1. If the PM2.5 sensor is integrated with the sensor control board, making disassembly difficult, then return the sensor control board directly.	

#### 7.1.33 dE3 - CO2 sensor fault

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system	ı: operate normally.
Lifer impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost commo	unication with CO2 sensor for 2 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.	
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: The IDL is da  Cause 3: If the cleared after cau eliminated, the dan  Note 1:  1) The CO2 sensor pins should be inserted on the  2) When inserting and removing the sensor, do note the control of the control	Properly connect the pins  I main control board  Replace the main control board of the IDU  Replace the CO2 sensor is naged  Replace the CO2 sensor is naged  Replace the CO2 sensor (1)
or even out of range.  3) When inserting and removing the sensor: Operators must keep their h wrist strap should be worn on the wrist; the metal piece inside the antistic contact with the skin; and the metal clamp of the antistatic wrist strap scopper grounding wire.		piece inside the antistatic wrist strap should be in close

## 7.1.34 dE4 - Formaldehyde sensor fault

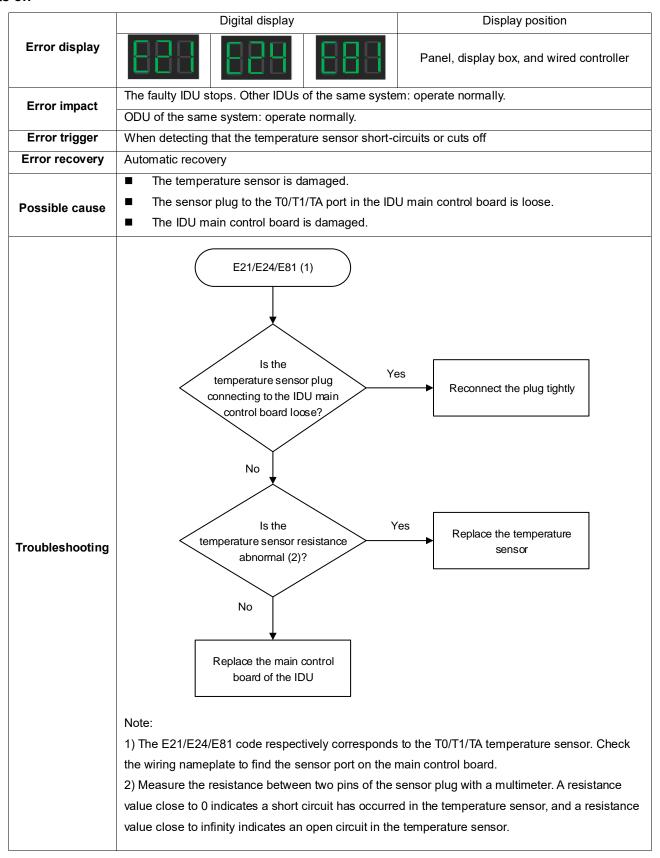
	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system	n: operate normally.
Ziroi impaot	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost comm	nunication with formaldehyde sensor for 2 min
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.	
	pins are impro	formaldehyde sensor perly connected to the r control board  Properly connect the pins
		DU main control board damaged  Replace the main control board of the IDU
Troubleshooting	after causes 1/2	error cannot be cleared 2 have been eliminated, de sensor is damaged Replace the formal dehyde sensor (1)
	nameplate.  2) When inserting and removing the sensor, do no	ted on the sensor control board according to the wiring of touch or squeeze the white sensor film with your hand.
	3) When inserting and removing the sensor: Operators must keep their hands clean and dry; the antist wrist strap should be worn on the wrist; the metal piece inside the antistatic wrist strap should be in clean contact with the skin; and the metal clamp of the antistatic wrist strap should be placed at the exposure grounding wire.	

#### 7.1.35 dE5 - Human Detect sensor fault

Note: The human detector sensor on the smart panel is used to detect the location of the human body.

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	Panel, wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same s	system: operate normally.
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger		ost communication with the human detector sensor for 10s and
_	a fault signal has been sent to the IDU main	control board
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	See the Troubleshooting section.	
Troubleshooting	Cause 2:  Cause 3: intel  Cause 3: Cause 4: Cause 4: Cause 4: Cause 5: Cause 5: Cause 5: Cause 5: Cause 6: Cause 6: Cause 6: Cause 7: Caus	The communication cable the human detector and the pard on the intelligent panel is loose  The IDU main control board is damaged  Replace the main control board of the IDU  Replace the control board on the intelligent panel is mected to a wrong IDU  Replace the control board on the intelligent panel or IDU  Replace the panel or IDU

7.1.36 E21, E24, E81 - T0 (fresh inlet air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off, T1 (IDU return air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off, and TA (outlet air temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off



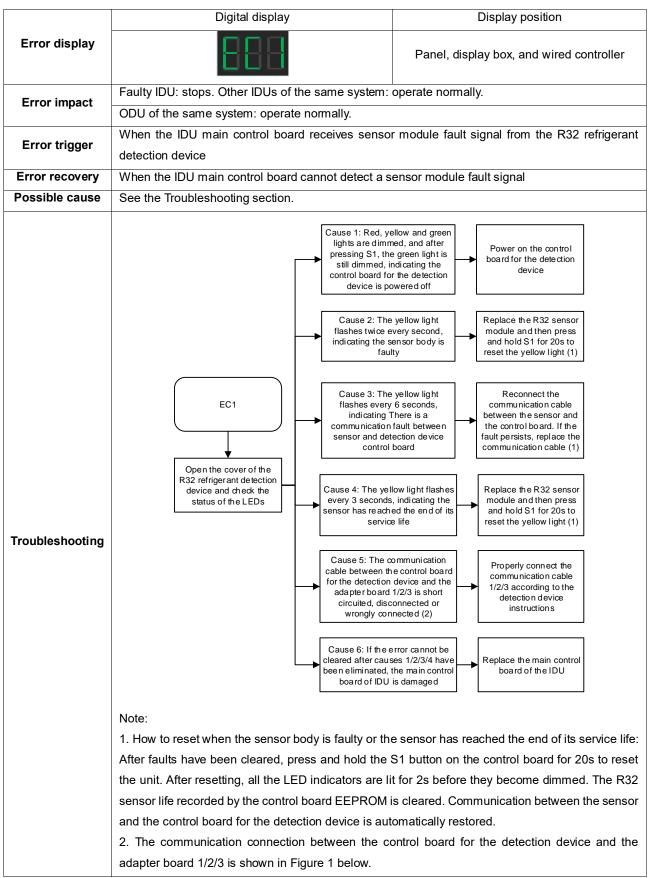
## 7.1.37 EA2 - Return air humidity sensor fault

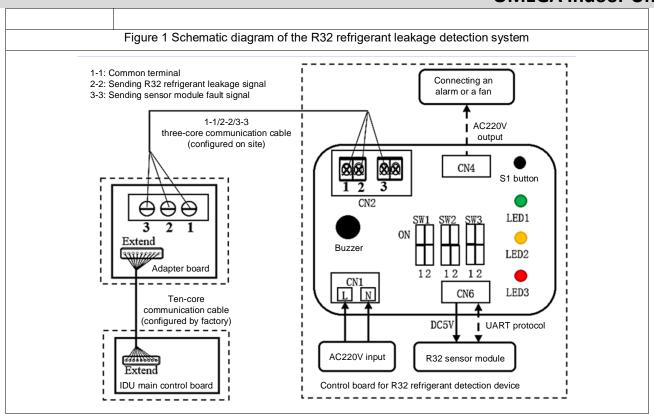
	Digital display Display position		osition	
Error display	000	Panel or display box	Wired controller	
		Spot check interface	Error code is not	
		query	displayed	
Error impact	The faulty IDU and other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.			
Lifoi impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.			
Error trigger	If the main control board of an IDU has lost communication with the return air humidity sensor for 2			
Error trigger	min			
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
	■ The humidity sensor board is damaged.			
	■ The cable plug connecting to the RH port is	n the IDU main control boar	d is loose.	
Possible cause	■ The cable plug connecting to the humidity	sensor board is loose.		
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.			
	EA2			
	Is the cable plug			
	(with one end connecting to			
	RH port of the IDU main control	Yes   Reconnect :	the plug tightly	
	board and the other end connecting to humidity sensor board)			
	loose?			
	No			
	<u> </u>			
	Are wires short circuited or	Yes		
	disconnected? (1)	Replace the	e wires	
Troubleshooting				
oub.comecung				
	No			
	<u> </u>			
	Replace			
	the humidity sensor board and	Yes ► Fault clear	ed	
	power on the system again. Is the fault cleared?	T dan diodi		
	lault dealed?			
	No			
	<b>▼</b>			
	Replace the main control			
	board of the IDU			
	Note:			
	Use a multimeter to measure the resistance be	etween the pin in the plug	at two ends of each	
	wire. A resistance value close to 0 indicates a sh	nort circuit has occurred in t	he wire, and a	
	resistance value close to infinity indicates an open circuit in the wire.			

#### 7.1.38 EC1 - R32 refrigerant leakage sensor fault

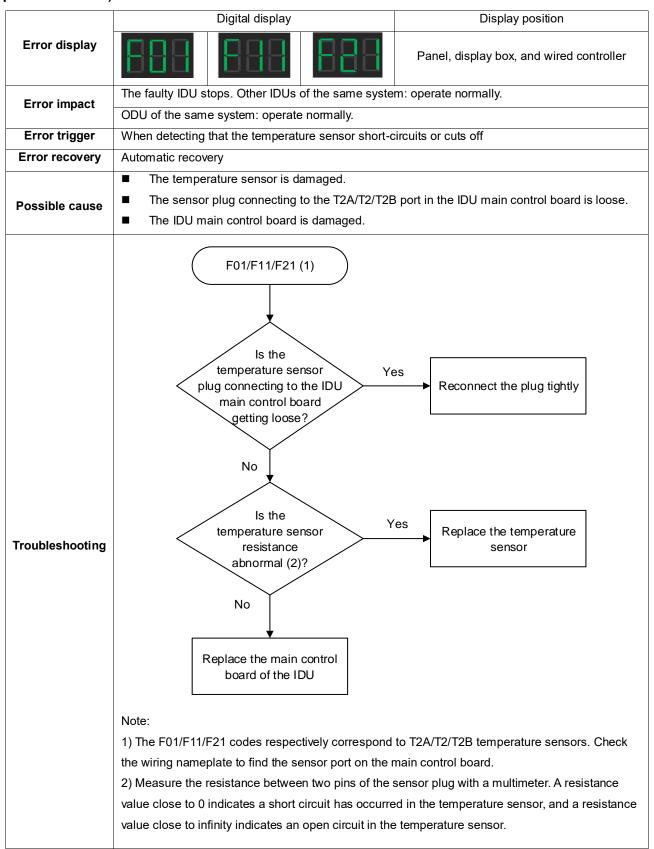
Check the R32 refrigerant leakage sensor of faulty IDU

If the measured refrigerant saturation pressure at the liquid side or gas side is equal to the standard saturation pressure, there is no refrigerant leak. Then check whether the sensor is damaged or contaminated by foreign materials (such as steam and oil). If so, replace the sensor.





7.1.39 F01, F11, F21 - T2A (heat exchanger liquid pipe temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off, T2 (heat exchanger middle temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off, and T2B (heat exchanger gas pipe temperature sensor) short-circuits or cuts off



## 7.1.40 P31/P34 - Fan drive board AC side overcurrent protection

	Digital display	<i>I</i>	Display position
Error display		888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	P31: The current value detected on the AC side of the fan drive board exceeds the programmed overcurrent protection value  P34: Six P31 failures within an hour.		
Error recovery	■ P31: Automatic recovery ■ P34: Power-on again		
Possible cause	<ul> <li>The actual static pressure resistance of the indoor unit outlet is less than the static pressure value of indoor unit</li> <li>Instantaneous power failure or violent voltage fluctuation</li> <li>Indoor unit fan driver board is damaged</li> <li>Indoor unit main control board is damaged</li> </ul>		
Troubleshooting	is integrated and soldered ont	Cause 2:Inst value of indo  Cause 2:Inst voltage flucts  Cause 3:If the cannot be clother cause eliminated, the control board is dan board, the following to the main control to the main	indoor unit  Power-on again, check whether the power supply voltage is stable, if the fluctuation is violent, the power supply needs to be rectified  Replace the main control board or fan drive board

7.1.41 P52 - The voltage of the power supply is too low

7.1.41 F 32 - 1116 VC	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.  ODU of the same system: operate normally.	
Error trigger	■ Power supply voltage is below the program	nmed protection threshold (165V)
Error recovery	■ Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	■ Power supply voltage is lower than 165V ■ Indoor unit fan driver board is damaged	
Troubleshooting	Use a multimeter to check whether the power supply voltage the indoor unit is lower than 16  YES  Rectify the power supply	

#### 7.1.42 P71 - Main control board EEPROM fault

	Digital display Display position		
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.		
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	When the master chip cannot receive data from EEPROM (EEPROM: a non-volatile memory whose data are kept even when powered off)		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	<ul> <li>The IDU main control board is damaged.</li> <li>External interference (such as noise and electromagnetic)</li> </ul>		
Troubleshooting	Power off and then power on the IDU  Is the fault cleared?  The main control board of IDU is normal and subject to external interference (such as noise and electromagnetic)	No Replace the main control board of the IDU	

### 7.1.43 P72 - IDU display control board EEPROM fault

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel or display box
Error impact	IDUs of the same system: operate normally.  ODU of the same system: operate normally.	code is displayed on the panel or display box only. Other
Error trigger	Unable to read data from display control board EE kept even when powered off)	EPROM (EEPROM: a non-volatile memory whose data are
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	<ul><li>The display control board is damaged.</li><li>External interference (such as noise and ele</li></ul>	ectromagnetic)
Troubleshooting	Power off and then power on the IDU  Is the fault cleared?  Yes  The display control board is normal and subject to external interference (such as noise and electromagnetic)	No Replace the display control board

### 7.1.44 U01 - Locked (electronic lock)

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	All IDUs of the same system: stop running, dis	playing code "U01"	
Life impact	ODU of the same system: stops running, displa	aying code "U01"	
Error trigger	When detecting that the ODU is locked		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	The ODU is still locked.		
Troubleshooting	deper	Inlock the ODU Inding on the type of ODUs (1)  ease contact your local dealer or technical support	

#### 7.1.45 U11 - Unit model code not set

	Digital display	Display position
Error display		Panel, display box, and wired controller
	1) The faulty IDU stops running.	
	2) Other IDUs of the same system:	
	■ If the address for the faulty IDU has been se	et, other IDUs will operate normally.
	■ If the address of the faulty IDU was not set	, other IDUs will display error code "A51"-ODU fault. (The
Error impact	indoor unit of V6 platform displays "Ed" cod	e)
	ODU of the same system:	
	■ If the address for the faulty IDU has been se	et, the ODU will operate normally.
	■ If the address of the faulty IDU was not set,	the ODU will display the error code "C26" -number of IDUs
	reduced. (The outdoor unit of V6 platform d	isplays "H7" code.)
Error trigger	When detecting that the unit model code for IDU	main control board is not set
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	■ The unit model code has not been set after	replacing the IDU main control board.
Possible cause	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.	
Troubleshooting	Use the dedicated tooling (1) to set the model code for the main control board of IDU, and power on the unit again  Is the fault cleared?  Yes  Fault cleared  Note 1: For specialized tooling and instructions, personnel.	

### 7.1.46 U12 - Capacity(HP) code not set

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
	1) The faulty IDU stops running.	
	2) Other IDUs of the same system:	
	■ If the address for the faulty IDU has been se	et, other IDUs will operate normally.
Error impact	■ If the address of the faulty IDU was not set,	other IDUs will display error code "A51"-ODU fault.
Error impact	ODU of the same system:	
	■ If the address for the faulty IDU has been se	et, the ODU will operate normally.
	■ If the address of the faulty IDU was not set,	the ODU will display the error code "C26" -number of IDUs
	reduced.	
Error trigger	When detecting that the capacity(HP) code for ID	OU main control board has not been set
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	■ The capacity(HP) code has not been set af	ter replacing the IDU main control board.
1 Ossible cause	■ The new IDU main control board is damage	ed.
Troubleshooting	Use the dedicated tooling (1) to set the capacity(HP) code for the main control board of IDU, and power on the unit again  Is the fault cleared?  Yes  Fault cleared  Note 1: For specialized tooling and instructions, personnel.	

#### 7.1.47 U26 - Mismatch between indoor unit model and outdoor unit model

	Digital display Display position		
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	<ul> <li>1) The faulty IDU stops running.</li> <li>2) Other IDUs of the same system will operate not ODU of the same system:</li> <li>If there is one IDU in the system is operating.</li> <li>If all the IDUs in the system are display error.</li> </ul>	<u> </u>	
Error trigger	<ul> <li>There is a conflict between the model series code of indoor unit and the model series code of outdoor unit</li> <li>The communication flag bit (Myhome identification flag bit) between indoor unit and outdoor unit has a matching conflict</li> </ul>		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	<ul> <li>Myhome configuration indoor unit and no system</li> </ul>		
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: configura error whe main con indoor un  Cause 3: between model an model in system.  Cause 4: configura and non- configura unit are co one syste  Cause 5: configure and Myho outdoor un	(1) to set the Myhome code for the main control board of IDU, and power on the unit again  Wismatch indoor unit do outdoor unit the same  Replace the outdoor unit (2)  Wyhome tion indoor unit Myhome tion outdoor onnected in em  Non-Myhome d indoor unit ome configured  Replace the outdoor unit or indoor unit(2)	
	Note:		
		contact your local dealer or technical support personnel.	
	2.Please contact your local dealer or technical su	pport staff to confirm the detail.	

#### 7.1.48 U38 - Address code not detected

	Digital display	Display position
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller
Error impact	"A51" is displayed (V6 platform IDU displays the ODU of the same system: Otherwise, the ODU v (V6 platform ODU displays the code "H7")	vill display the error code "C26" (number of IDUs reduced)
Error trigger	When detecting that the address code for IDU m	ain control board has not been set
Error recovery	Automatic recovery	
Possible cause	<ul><li>The address code has not been set after re</li><li>The new IDU main control board is damage</li></ul>	_
Troubleshooting	Use the remote controller or wired controller (1) to set the address code for the main control board of IDU, and power on the unit again  Is the fault cleared?  Yes  Fault cleared  Note 1: For instructions on how to set up address to relevant manuals.	

#### 7.1.49 J01 - Motor failed more than once

	Digi	Digital display		Display position	
Error display	<u> </u>	888		Panel, display box, and wired controller	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. O	ther IDUs of th	e same system:	operate normally.	
Lifoi impact	ODU of the same syste	m: operate nor	mally.		
Error trigger	If fan control faults have	occurred 10 t	imes in 120 min	(1)	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery				
Possible cause	The fan drive faults hav	e caused the n	notor to fail more	e than once.	
Troubleshooting			If the fault persists, please contact the technical support personnel of your dealer		
	Note:				
	1. Enter the spot check	interface of th	e IDU to query t	an drive fault code (see the table belo	ow). For speci
	troubleshooting method	s, please refer	to this documer	nt.	
	No.	Error		Fan drive fault name	
	1	J1E	IPM (fan mod	ule) overcurrent protection	
	2	J11		s overcurrent protection for phase	
	3	J3E	Low bus volta		
	4	J31	High bus volta		
	5	J43		t sample bias error	
	6	J47	•	ule) and IDU unmatched	
	8	J5E J52	Motor startup  Motor blockin		
	9	J55		I mode setting error	

### 7.1.50 J1E - IPM (fan module) overcurrent protection

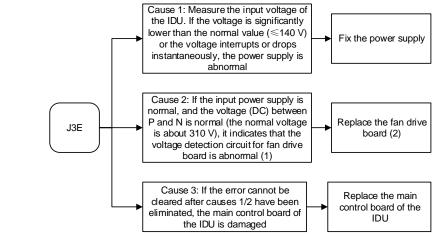
	Digital display	Display position		
Error display	000	Panel or display box	Wired controller	
Elloi display		Spot check interface	Error code is not	
		query	displayed	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same sy	ystem: operate normally.		
Lifoi impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.			
	The fault is triggered if one of the following cond	litions is met:		
Error trigger	1) The current value (AC) detected for any p	hase line of U/V/W on the	e IPM exceeds the se	
Lifor digger	overcurrent protection value of the IPM.			
	2) A fault signal output by the IPM protection circ	cuit is detected.		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
	■ The motor insulation is damaged or motor	coils are short circuited.		
Possible cause	■ The fan drive board is damaged.			
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.			
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: Measure any wire pin of the motor and the metal If the resistance is motor is  Cause 3: The fan dr  Cause 4: If the errafter causes 1/2/3 the main control	s less than 1 MΩ, the s damaged  rive board is damaged  or cannot be cleared have been eliminated,	Replace the motor  eplace the fan drive board (1)  lace the main control board of the IDU	
	Note 1: Please observe the following rule when			
	drive board is welded onto the main control boar	•	ard or main control	
	board becomes faulty, the whole control board has to be replaced.			

### 7.1.51 J11 - Instantaneous overcurrent protection for phase current

	Digital display	Display p	oosition
Error display	000	Panel or display box	Wired controller
Life display		Spot check interface	Error code is not
		query	displayed
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same sy	ystem: operate normally.	
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	The current value (AC) detected for any pha	ase line of U/V/W on the	IPM exceeds the set
	overcurrent protection value of the driver.		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
Possible cause	<ul> <li>Motor coils are short circuited, or motor be motor current.</li> <li>The fan drive board is damaged.</li> <li>The IDU main control board is damaged.</li> </ul>	pearing is worn, resulting in	abnormal increase of
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: Measure the resistance between the resistance between the rewires of the motor power short circuit or an open of damage.  Cause 2: The motor bearing resulting in overcurrent, to create noise when rota.  Cause 3: The fan drive bearing an acrea of the main control board of the main control board of the drive board is welded onto the main control board board becomes faulty, the whole control board in the main control board is welded onto the main control board in the main con	ed, white, and black r cable. If there is a circuit, the motor is ed  ing is severely worn, It causes the motor ting and to overheat  poard is damaged  Replaced after n eliminated, the e IDU is damaged  replacing the fan drive board, if either the fan drive board, if either the fan drive board.	

#### 7.1.52 J3E - Low bus voltage fault

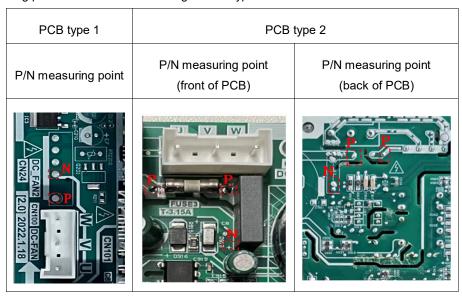
	Digital display	Display position		
Error display		Panel or display box	Wired controller	
		Spot check interface query	Error code is not displayed	
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the	same system: operate norma	lly.	
Liforimpact	ODU of the same system: operate nom	nally.		
Error trigger	When the bus voltage (DC voltage) is below the threshold value of the driver (165 V)			
Error recovery	Automatic recovery			
	■ The input voltage is too low, resulting in low bus voltage.			
	■ The input voltage encounters transient drop and interruption, resulting in too low transient			
Possible cause	bus voltage.			
l ossible cause	■ The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes abnormal.			
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.			
	Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of the IDU. If the voltage is significantly			



#### Note:

1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make sure P/N measuring points are selected according to PCB type.

#### **Troubleshooting**



2. Please observe the following rule when replacing the fan drive board: For units whose fan drive board is welded onto the main control board, if either the fan drive board or main control board becomes faulty, the whole control board has to be replaced.

## 7.1.53 J31 - High bus voltage fault

Error display  Spot check interface  Error co				
Troubleshooting  The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.  ODU of the same system: operate normally.  ODU of the same system: operate normally.  When the bus voltage (DC voltage) is greater than the threshold value of the driver (45 per trough the first processes of the same system: operate normally.  The input voltage is too high, resulting in high bus voltage.  Instantaneous high input voltage.  The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes about the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≈318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal.  Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal.  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal.  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal ontrol board of the IDU is damaged.  Replace the fan drive board of the IDU is damaged.  Replace the main control board of the IDU is damaged.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point	ontroller			
The faulty IDU stops, Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.  DDU of the same system: operate normally.  When the bus voltage (DC voltage) is greater than the threshold value of the driver (45 Automatic recovery  The input voltage is too high, resulting in high bus voltage.  Instantaneous high input voltage.  Instantaneous high input voltage.  The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes about the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Replace the fan drive board of the IDU is damaged  Note:  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make su measuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point	le is not			
Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is damaged.  Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is instantaneously, the power supply is abour 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit board (2) the main control board of the voltage detection circuit board (2) the main control board of the main control board of the main control board of the IDU is damaged  Total Possible cause  Total Dumain control board is damaged.  Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (>318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is normal, and the voltage (IDC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal (normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Cause 3: If the error cannot be cleared after causes 1/2 have been eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged  Note:  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make su measuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point	ayed			
Error trigger  Error trigger  When the bus voltage (DC voltage) is greater than the threshold value of the driver (45  Error recovery  The input voltage is too high, resulting in high bus voltage.  Instantaneous high input voltage.  The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes about the power supply is increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Cause 3: If the error cannot be cleared after causes 1/2 have been eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged  Note:  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make su measuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point				
Automatic recovery  The input voltage is too high, resulting in high bus voltage.  Instantaneous high input voltage.  The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes about the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥ 318 V) or the voltage in scases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥ 318 V) or the voltage in scases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal  Cause 3: If the error cannot be cleared after causes 1/2 have been eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged  Note:  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make su measuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point				
The input voltage is too high, resulting in high bus voltage.  Instantaneous high input voltage.  The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes about the fan drive board is damaged.  Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Cause 3: If the error cannot be cleared after causes 1/2 have been eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged  Note:  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make sumeasuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point	When the bus voltage (DC voltage) is greater than the threshold value of the driver (450V)			
Instantaneous high input voltage.  The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes about the fan drive board is damaged.  Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Cause 3: If the error cannot be cleared after causes 1/2 have been eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged  Note:  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make sumeasuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point	<u> </u>			
The fan drive board is damaged, so the bus voltage detection circuit becomes about the fan drive board is damaged.  Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Cause 3: If the error cannot be cleared after causes 1/2 have been eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged  Note:  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make sumeasuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point				
The IDU main control board is damaged.  Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Replace the fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Replace the main control board of the IDU is damaged  Note:  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make su measuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point				
Cause 1: Measure the input voltage of IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal, and the voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Replace the fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Replace the main control board of the IDU is damaged  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make su measuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point	ormal.			
IDU. If the voltage is significantly higher than the normal value (≥318 V) or the voltage increases instantaneously, the power supply is abnormal  Cause 2: If the input power supply is normal (the normal voltage (DC) between P and N is normal (the normal voltage is about 310 V), it indicates that the voltage detection circuit for fan drive board is abnormal (1)  Cause 3: If the error cannot be cleared after causes 1/2 have been eliminated, the main control board of the IDU is damaged  Note:  1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make su measuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  PCB type 2  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point				
1. Please refer to the figure below when measuring voltage between P and N. Make su measuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point				
measuring points are selected according to PCB type.  PCB type 1  P/N measuring point  P/N measuring point	ı D/N ص			
PCB type 1 P/N measuring point P/N measuring point	C I /IN			
P/N measuring point P/N measuring point				
P/N measuring point				
P/N measuring point				
(HOIR OFPCB) (Dack OFPCB)				
2. Please observe the following rule when replacing the fan drive board: For units whose	e fan dri			
board is welded onto the main control board, if either the fan drive board or main control				

becomes faulty, the whole control board has to be replaced.

#### 7.1.54 J43 - Phase current sample bias error

	Digital display	Display position	
Error display		Panel or display box	Wired controller
Error display		Spot check interface	Error code is not
		query	displayed
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same s	ystem: operate normally.	
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	When detecting that the current sample is 50%	greater than 2.5 V	
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
	■ The current sampling circuit of the fan drive	e board is damaged.	
Possible cause	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.		
Troubleshooting	Replace the fan drive board. Is the fault cleared? No Replace the main control board of the IDU  Note 1: Please observe the following rule when drive board is welded onto the main control board board becomes faulty, the whole control board is	rd, if either the fan drive bo	rd: For units whose fan

#### 7.1.55 J45 - Motor and IDU unmatched

	Digital display	Display position										
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller										
Error impact  The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system: operate normally.  ODU of the same system: operate normally.  Error trigger  If the motor code sent by the IDU main control board is not found in the fan driver												
Lifoi impact												
Error trigger	If the motor code sent by the IDU main control board is	not found in the fan driver										
Error recovery	Automatic recovery											
Possible cause	■ Unit model code or capacity code is incorrectly se	et.										
Possible cause	■ The fan drive board is wrong or damaged.											
Troubleshooting	Ves the dedicated tooling (1) to set the model code and capacity code for the main control board of IDU according to the IDU model or nominal capacity, and power on the unit again    Stallt cleared	e fan drive board: For units whose fan drive board is										

### 7.1.56 J47 - IPM (fan module) and IDU unmatched

	Digital display	Display position								
Error display	888	Panel, display box, and wired controller								
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same system:	operate normally.								
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.									
Error trigger	When detecting that the fan drive board does not match	h the set value of the driver								
Error recovery	Automatic recovery									
Possible cause	<ul><li>Unit model code or capacity(HP) code is incorrect</li></ul>	tly set.								
	■ The fan drive board is wrong or damaged.									
Troubleshooting	Use the dedicated tooling (1) to set the model code and capacity code for the main control board of IDU according to the IDU model or nominal capacity, and power on the unit again  Is the fault cleared?  Yes  Fault cleared  Note:  1. For specialized tooling and instructions, please contacts. Please observe the following rule when replacing the welded onto the main control board, if either the fan driv whole control board has to be replaced.	e fan drive board: For units whose fan drive board is								

### 7.1.57 J5E - Motor startup failure

	Digital display	Display po	osition									
Error dioplay		Panel or display box	Wired controller									
Error display	├ <del></del> ╏┺┪ <del>╏</del> ╾	Spot check interface	Error code is not									
		query	displayed									
Error impact	ne faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same syste	m: operate normally.										
OI	DU of the same system: operate normally.											
Error trigger Mo	Motor startup failure											
Error recovery Au	Automatic recovery											
•	Motor winding short-circuits or cuts off											
•	The fan is blocked by foreign material or the m	otor is damaged and cannot i	rotate.									
-	The unit's model code or capacity code are se	t incorrectly										
Possible cause	Fan blade is not installed											
•	The fan drive module is damaged.											
•	The IDU main control board is damaged.											
	Cause 1: Measure the inter- winding resistance between the	e red,										
	white, and black wires of the r power cable. If there is a short c		r									
	an open circuit, the motor is dar	maged										
			$\neg$									
	Cause 2: The fan is blocked by matters and cannot rotate											
	J5E		$\neg$									
	Cause 3: The unit's model code											
	capacity code are set incorrectly	iveset the code										
Troubleshooting												
Troubleshooting	Cause 4: The fan blades are installed	not Install the fan blade	e									
			$\neg$									
	Cause 5: The fan drive board	<b>──────────</b> '	/e									
	damaged	board (1)										
	Cause 6: If the error cannot	be Replace the main										
	cleared after all other causes heen eliminated, the main cor	control board of the	•									
	board of the IDU is damage											
No	ote 1: Please observe the following rule when rep	placing the fan drive board: Fo	or units whose fan drive									
bo	pard is welded onto the main control board, if either	er the fan drive board or main	control board becomes									
fau	ulty, the whole control board has to be replaced.											

### 7.1.58 J52 - Motor blocking protection

	Digital display	Displa	y position					
Error display		Panel or display box	Wired controller					
Lifoi display		Spot check interface	Error code is not					
		query	displayed					
Error impact								
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.							
Error trigger	The motor is blocked.							
Error recovery	Automatic recovery							
	■ The motor shaft gets stuck.							
Possible cause	■ The fan drive board is damaged.							
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.							
Troubleshooting	Cause 1: The motor foreign in the following rule when drive board is welded onto the main control board board becomes faulty, the whole control board in the following rule when the following rule wh	cannot be cleared 2/3 have been n control board of amaged replacing the fan drive board, if either the fan drive board is get a control of the cont						

### 7.1.59 J55 - Speed control mode setting error

	Digital display	Display p	oosition								
Error display		Panel or display box	Wired controller								
Error display		Spot check interface	Error code is not								
		query	displayed								
Error impact	The faulty IDU stops. Other IDUs of the same s	ystem: operate normally.									
Error impact	ODU of the same system: operate normally.										
Error trigger	The IDU is non constant air flow control, but its	main control program sets t	he fan speed according								
Life angger	to the constant air flow control mode.										
Error recovery	Automatic recovery										
	■ The IDU model is set incorrectly.										
Possible cause	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.										
Troubleshooting	Use the dedicated tooling (1) to set the model code for the main control board of IDU, and power on the unit again  Is the fault cleared?  Yes  Fault cleared  Note 1: For specialized tooling and instructions, support personnel.	Replace the main of board of the IE	DU .								

### 7.1.60 J6E - Phase lack protection of motor

	Digital display	Display	position
Error display		Panel or display box	Wired controller
		Spot check interface	Error code is not
		query	displayed
Error impact			
	ODU of the same system: operate normally.		
Error trigger	When the motor phase lacks protection		
Error recovery	Automatic recovery		
	■ The motor plug connecting to the U/V/W po	ort in the IDU main control	board is loose.
Possible cause	■ The fan drive board is damaged.		
	■ The IDU main control board is damaged.		
Troubleshooting	Cause 2: The dar  Cause 3: If the cleared after obeen eliminated	fan drive board is maged  Re error cannot be sauses 1/2/3 have d, the main control U is damaged  replacing the fan drive board, if either the fan drive board.	

## 8 Appendix

#### **8.1 Temperature Sensor Resistance Characteristics**

Table 9.1: Indoor temperature sensors resistance characteristics

R25=10K  $Ω \pm 3\%$  B25/50=4100K  $\pm 3\%$ 

Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance	Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance
(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)	(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)
-40	337.762	388.619	446.732	0	32.140	34.385	36.753
-39	315.441	362.171	415.450	1	30.532	32.613	34.803
-38	294.802	337.767	386.646	2	29.013	30.941	32.968
-37	275.699	315.226	360.096	3	27.578	29.364	31.238
-36	258.001	294.386	335.600	4	26.221	27.876	29.609
-35	241.589	275.100	312.977	5	24.938	26.471	28.074
-34	226.358	257.238	292.067	6	23.725	25.145	26.626
-33	212.210	240.679	272.721	7	22.578	23.892	25.260
-32	199.059	225.317	254.809	8	21.492	22.708	23.972
-31	186.823	211.053	238.210	9	20.464	21.590	22.757
-30	175.432	197.799	222.817	10	19.491	20.532	21.609
-29	164.820	185.475	208.531	11	18.569	19.532	20.526
-28	154.925	174.007	195.264	12	17.696	18.586	19.502
-27	145.695	163.330	182.934	13	16.868	17.690	18.536
-26	137.078	153.381	171.467	14	16.084	16.843	17.622
-25	129.030	144.105	160.797	15	15.341	16.041	16.758
-24	121.508	135.452	150.861	16	14.635	15.281	15.941
-23	114.473	127.375	141.604	17	13.966	14.562	15.169
-22	107.892	119.832	132.974	18	13.332	13.880	14.438
-21	101.730	112.783	124.925	19	12.729	13.234	13.746
-20	95.959	106.193	117.413	20	12.157	12.621	13.091
-19	90.551	100.028	110.399	21	11.614	12.041	12.471
-18	85.480	94.259	103.846	22	11.099	11.490	11.884
-17	80.724	88.857	97.721	23	10.608	10.967	11.327
-16	76.260	83.796	91.994	24	10.143	10.471	10.800
-15	72.070	79.054	86.636	25	9.700	10.000	10.300
-14	68.134	74.607	81.620	26	9.254	9.553	9.853
-13	64.436	70.436	76.924	27	8.830	9.128	9.428
-12	60.960	66.521	72.525	28	8.429	8.725	9.024
-11	57.691	62.847	68.402	29	8.048	8.342	8.639
-10	54.615	59.396	64.536	30	7.686	7.977	8.273
-9	51.721	56.153	60.911	31	7.342	7.631	7.924
-8	48.996	53.106	57.509	32	7.016	7.302	7.592
-7	46.430	50.241	54.315	33	6.706	6.988	7.276
-6	44.012	47.546	51.317	34	6.412	6.690	6.975
-5	41.733	45.010	48.500	35	6.132	6.407	6.688
-4	39.585	42.623	45.853	36	5.866	6.137	6.414
-3	37.558	40.376	43.365	37	5.613	5.880	6.153
-2	35.647	38.259	41.025	38	5.373	5.635	5.905
-1	33.843	36.264	38.824	39	5.144	5.402	5.667

Table 9.1: Indoor temperature sensors resistance characteristics (continues)

Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance	Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance
(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)	(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)
40	4.926	5.179	5.441	80	1.060	1.166	1.281
41	4.718	4.968	5.225	81	1.025	1.128	1.240
42	4.521	4.766	5.019	82	0.990	1.091	1.201
43	4.333	4.573	4.822	83	0.958	1.056	1.164
44	4.154	4.390	4.634	84	0.926	1.022	1.127
45	3.983	4.215	4.455	85	0.895	0.990	1.092
46	3.821	4.047	4.283	86	0.866	0.958	1.059
47	3.666	3.888	4.120	87	0.838	0.928	1.026
48	3.518	3.736	3.963	88	0.811	0.899	0.995
49	3.377	3.590	3.813	89	0.785	0.870	0.965
50	3.243	3.451	3.670	90	0.760	0.843	0.935
51	3.114	3.318	3.533	91	0.735	0.817	0.907
52	2.991	3.192	3.402	92	0.712	0.792	0.880
53	2.874	3.070	3.276	93	0.689	0.768	0.854
54	2.762	2.954	3.156	94	0.668	0.744	0.829
55	2.656	2.843	3.041	95	0.647	0.722	0.804
56	2.553	2.737	2.931	96	0.627	0.700	0.781
57	2.456	2.635	2.825	97	0.607	0.679	0.758
58	2.362	2.538	2.723	98	0.589	0.659	0.736
59	2.273	2.444	2.626	99	0.571	0.639	0.715
60	2.187	2.355	2.533	100	0.553	0.620	0.694
61	2.105	2.269	2.444	101	0.537	0.602	0.674
62	2.027	2.187	2.358	102	0.520	0.584	0.655
63	1.952	2.109	2.276	103	0.505	0.567	0.637
64	1.880	2.033	2.197	104	0.490	0.551	0.619
65	1.811	1.961	2.121	105	0.475	0.535	0.602
66	1.745	1.892	2.048	106	0.461	0.520	0.585
67	1.682	1.825	1.978	107	0.448	0.505	0.569
68	1.622	1.761	1.911	108	0.434	0.490	0.553
69	1.564	1.700	1.847	109	0.422	0.477	0.538
70	1.508	1.641	1.785	110	0.410	0.463	0.523
71	1.455	1.585	1.725	111	0.398	0.450	0.509
72	1.403	1.530	1.668	112	0.386	0.438	0.495
73	1.354	1.478	1.613	113	0.375	0.425	0.482
74	1.307	1.428	1.559	114	0.365	0.414	0.469
75	1.261	1.380	1.509	115	0.354	0.402	0.456
76	1.218	1.334	1.460	116	0.344	0.391	0.444
77	1.176	1.289	1.412	117	0.335	0.381	0.433
78	1.136	1.247	1.367	118	0.325	0.370	0.421
79	1.098	1.206	1.323	119	0.317	0.361	0.410

Table 9.1: Indoor temperature sensors resistance characteristics(continues)

Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance	Temperature	Resistance	Resistance	Resistance
(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)	(°C)	min(kΩ)	Normal(kΩ)	max(kΩ)
120	0.308	0.351	0.400				
121	0.299	0.342	0.389				
122	0.291	0.332	0.379				
123	0.283	0.324	0.370				
124	0.276	0.315	0.360				
125	0.268	0.307	0.351				
126	0.261	0.299	0.342				
127	0.254	0.291	0.334				
128	0.247	0.284	0.325				
129	0.241	0.277	0.317				
130	0.234	0.269	0.309				
131	0.228	0.263	0.302				
132	0.222	0.256	0.294				
133	0.217	0.250	0.287				
134	0.211	0.243	0.280				
135	0.206	0.237	0.273				
136	0.200	0.231	0.267				
137	0.195	0.226	0.260				
138	0.190	0.220	0.254				
139	0.186	0.215	0.248				
140	0.181	0.210	0.242				
141	0.177	0.205	0.237				
142	0.172	0.200	0.231				
143	0.168	0.195	0.226				
144	0.164	0.190	0.221				
145	0.160	0.186	0.216				
146	0.156	0.181	0.211				
147	0.152	0.177	0.206				
148	0.148	0.173	0.201				
149	0.145	0.169	0.197				
150	0.142	0.165	0.192				

# **Troubleshooting Guide**

#### 8.2 Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A

Table 9.2: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A (saturated vapor state)

Ambient	Saturated gauge	Saturated		Saturated gauge	Saturated	Ambient	Saturated gauge	Saturated gauge
Temperature	pressure	gauge pressure			gauge pressure	Temperature	pressure	pressure
(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)
-70	-65.879	-9.5549	-30	168.02	24.37	10	983.49	142.64
-69	-63.608	-9.2256	-29	179.3	26.005	11	1015.9	147.35
-68	-61.22	-8.8793	-28	190.93	27.693	12	1049.1	152.15
-67	-58.711	-8.5154	-27	202.94	29.434	13	1083	157.07
-66	-56.077	-8.1332	-26	215.32	31.23	14	1117.6	162.09
-65	-53.312	-7.7322	-25	228.09	33.081	15	1153	167.22
-64	-50.411	-7.3115	-24	241.25	34.99	16	1189.1	172.47
-63	-47.371	-6.8706	-23	254.81	36.957	17	1226	177.82
-62	-44.186	-6.4087	-22	268.78	38.983	18	1263.8	183.29
-61	-40.852	-5.925	-21	283.17	41.07	19	1302.3	188.88
-60	-37.362	-5.4189	-20	297.98	43.218	20	1341.6	194.58
-59	-33.713	-4.8896	-19	313.23	45.43	21	1381.8	200.41
-58	-29.898	-4.3363	-18	328.91	47.705	22	1422.7	206.35
-57	-25.913	-3.7583	-17	345.05	50.046	23	1464.6	212.42
-56	-21.752	-3.1548	-16	361.65	52.453	24	1507.3	218.61
-55	-17.409	-2.525	-15	378.71	54.928	25	1550.8	224.93
-54	-12.88	-1.868	-14	396.26	57.472	26	1595.3	231.37
-53	-8.1571	-1.1831	-13	414.28	60.086	27	1640.6	237.95
-52	-3.2361	-0.46936	-12	432.8	62.772	28	1686.8	244.65
-51	1.8893	0.27402	-11	451.82	65.531	29	1734	251.49
-50	7.2252	1.0479	-10	471.35	68.364	30	1782.1	258.47
-49	12.777	1.8532	-9	491.4	71.272	31	1831.1	265.58
-48	18.552	2.6908	-8	511.98	74.257	32	1881.1	272.83
-47	24.556	3.5615	-7	533.1	77.32	33	1932.1	280.23
-46	30.794	4.4663	-6	554.76	80.462	34	1984	287.76
-45	37.274	5.4062	-5	576.99	83.685	35	2037	295.44
-44	44.002	6.382	-4	599.77	86.99	36	2091	303.27
-43	50.985	7.3947	-3	623.13	90.378	37	2146	311.25
-42	58.228	8.4453	-2	647.08	93.851	38	2202	319.37
-41	65.739	9.5347	-1	671.62	97.41	39	2259.1	327.66
-40	73.525	10.664	0	696.76	101.06	40	2317.3	336.09
-39	81.592	11.834	1	722.51	104.79	41	2376.5	344.69
-38	89.947	13.046	2	748.89	108.62	42	2436.9	353.44
-37	98.598	14.3	3	775.9	112.53	43	2498.4	362.36
-36	107.55	15.599	4	803.55	116.54	44	2561	371.45
-35	116.81	16.942	5	831.85	120.65	45	2624.8	380.7
-34	126.39	18.332	6	860.82	124.85	46	2689.8	390.12
-33	136.3	19.768	7	890.45	129.15	47	2755.9	399.71
-32	146.53	21.252	8	920.77	133.55	48	2823.3	409.48
-31	157.1	22.786	9	951.78	138.04	49	2891.8	419.43

Table 9.2: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A (saturated vapor state)-continue

50	2961.7	429.55	57	3487.2	505.78	64	4083.4	592.25
51	3032.8	439.87	58	3567.8	517.47	65	4175	605.54
52	3105.2	450.36	59	3649.9	529.38	66	4268.3	619.07
53	3178.9	461.05	60	3733.5	541.5	67	4363.5	632.87
54	3253.9	471.94	61	3818.6	553.84	68	4460.5	646.93
55	3330.3	483.02	62	3905.3	566.41	69	4559.4	661.28
56	3408	494.3	63	3993.5	579.21	70	4660.4	675.93

Table 9.3: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A (Saturated liquid state)

Ambient Temperature	Saturated gauge pressure	gauge pressure	Temperature	-	gauge pressure	-	Saturated gauge pressure	pressure
(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)
-70	-65.704	-9.5296	-37	99.329	14.407	-4	602.1	87.327
-69	-63.425	-9.1991	-36	108.31	15.709	-3	625.53	90.725
-68	-61.029	-8.8515	-35	117.6	17.057	-2	649.55	94.209
-67	-58.511	-8.4863	-34	127.22	18.451	-1	674.16	97.779
-66	-55.867	-8.1028	-33	137.15	19.892	0	699.38	101.44
-65	-53.092	-7.7004	-32	147.42	21.381	1	725.21	105.18
-64	-50.182	-7.2782	-31	158.03	22.92	2	751.67	109.02
-63	-47.131	-6.8358	-30	168.98	24.509	3	778.76	112.95
-62	-43.935	-6.3722	-29	180.29	26.15	4	806.49	116.97
-61	-40.589	-5.8869	-28	191.97	27.843	5	834.88	121.09
-60	-37.087	-5.379	-27	204.01	29.59	6	863.93	125.3
-59	-33.425	-4.8479	-26	216.44	31.391	7	893.66	129.61
-58	-29.597	-4.2927	-25	229.24	33.249	8	924.07	134.02
-57	-25.599	-3.7128	-24	242.45	35.164	9	955.17	138.54
-56	-21.423	-3.1072	-23	256.05	37.137	10	986.98	143.15
-55	-17.066	-2.4752	-22	270.07	39.17	11	1019.5	147.87
-54	-12.521	-1.816	-21	284.5	41.263	12	1052.7	152.69
-53	-7.7823	-1.1287	-20	299.36	43.419	13	1086.7	157.62
-52	-2.8446	-0.41258	-19	314.66	45.637	14	1121.5	162.65
-51	2.2981	0.33331	-18	330.39	47.92	15	1156.9	167.8
-50	7.6519	1.1098	-17	346.58	50.268	16	1193.2	173.06
-49	13.223	1.9178	-16	363.23	52.683	17	1230.2	178.43
-48	19.017	2.7582	-15	380.35	55.165	18	1268.1	183.92
-47	25.041	3.6319	-14	397.95	57.717	19	1306.7	189.52
-46	31.3	4.5397	-13	416.03	60.34	20	1346.1	195.24
-45	37.802	5.4827	-12	434.61	63.034	21	1386.4	201.08
-44	44.553	6.4618	-11	453.69	65.802	22	1427.5	207.04
-43	51.558	7.4779	-10	473.28	68.643	23	1469.4	213.12
-42	58.826	8.5319	-9	493.39	71.561	24	1512.2	219.33
-41	66.362	9.625	-8	514.04	74.555	25	1555.9	225.67
-40	74.173	10.758	-7	535.22	77.627	26	1600.5	232.13
-39	82.267	11.932		556.95	80.779	27	1645.9	232.13
			-6					
-38	90.65	13.148	-5	579.24	84.012	28	1692.3	245.45

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# **OMEGA Indoor Units**

Table 9.3: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R410A (Saturated liquid state) -continue

29	1739.6	252.31	43	2505.8	363.44	57	3495.4	506.96
30	1787.8	259.3	44	2568.5	372.54	58	3575.9	518.64
31	1837	266.43	45	2632.4	381.8	59	3657.9	530.53
32	1887.1	273.7	46	2697.5	391.24	60	3741.3	542.63
33	1938.2	281.11	47	2763.7	400.85	61	3826.2	554.95
34	1990.3	288.67	48	2831.2	410.63	62	3912.7	567.48
35	2043.4	296.37	49	2899.8	420.59	63	4000.6	580.24
36	2097.5	304.22	50	2969.7	430.73	64	4090.2	593.23
37	2152.6	312.21	51	3040.9	441.05	65	4181.3	606.45
38	2208.8	320.36	52	3113.3	451.55	66	4274.1	619.9
39	2266	328.66	53	3187.1	462.25	67	4368.6	633.61
40	2324.3	337.11	54	3262.1	473.13	68	4464.8	647.56
41	2383.7	345.73	55	3338.5	484.21	69	4562.8	661.77
42	2444.2	354.5	56	3416.3	495.49	70	4662.6	676.25

#### 8.3 Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R32

Table 9.4: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R32

Ambient	Saturated gauge	Saturated		Saturated gauge	Saturated	Ambient	Saturated gauge	Saturated gauge
Temperature	pressure	gauge pressure			gauge pressure	Temperature	pressure	pressure
(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)	(°C)	(kPa)	(psi)
-70	-65.258	-9.4649	-29	183.58	26.627	12	1072.9	155.6
-69	-62.958	-9.1312	-28	195.42	28.344	13	1107.6	160.65
-68	-60.539	-8.7804	-27	207.64	30.115	14	1143.2	165.8
-67	-57.997	-8.4118	-26	220.24	31.943	15	1179.5	171.07
-66	-55.328	-8.0247	-25	233.24	33.828	16	1216.6	176.45
-65	-52.527	-7.6184	-24	246.64	35.772	17	1254.5	181.95
-64	-49.589	-7.1923	-23	260.45	37.775	18	1293.3	187.57
-63	-46.509	-6.7456	-22	274.68	39.838	19	1332.8	193.31
-62	-43.283	-6.2777	-21	289.33	41.964	20	1373.2	199.17
-61	-39.905	-5.7877	-20	304.43	44.153	21	1414.5	205.16
-60	-36.37	-5.275	-19	319.97	46.407	22	1456.6	211.27
-59	-32.673	-4.7388	-18	335.96	48.727	23	1499.6	217.5
-58	-28.808	-4.1782	-17	352.42	51.114	24	1543.5	223.87
-57	-24.77	-3.5926	-16	369.34	53.569	25	1588.3	230.36
-56	-20.553	-2.981	-15	386.75	56.093	26	1634	236.99
-55	-16.153	-2.3428	-14	404.65	58.689	27	1680.6	243.75
-54	-11.562	-1.677	-13	423.04	61.357	28	1728.2	250.65
-53	-6.7758	-0.98275	-12	441.94	64.098	29	1776.7	257.69
-52	-1.7877	-0.25928	-11	461.36	66.915	30	1826.2	264.87
-51	3.4082	0.49432	-10	481.31	69.808	31	1876.6	272.18
-50	8.8179	1.2789	-9	501.79	72.778	32	1928.1	279.65
-49	14.448	2.0955	-8	522.81	75.828	33	1980.5	287.25
-48	20.304	2.9448	-7	544.39	78.957	34	2034	295.01
-47	26.393	3.8279	-6	566.53	82.169	35	2088.5	302.91
-46	32.721	4.7457	-5	589.25	85.464	36	2144.1	310.97
-45	39.295	5.6992	-4	612.55	88.843	37	2200.7	319.18
-44	46.121	6.6893	-3	636.44	92.308	38	2258.3	327.55
-43	53.206	7.7169	-2	660.94	95.861	39	2317.1	336.07
-42	60.558	8.7831	-1	686.05	99.503	40	2377	344.75
-41	68.182	9.8889	0	711.78	103.23	41	2438	353.6
-40	76.086	11.035	1	738.14	107.06	42	2500.1	362.61
-39	84.277	12.223	2	765.15	110.97	43	2563.4	371.79
-38	92.762	13.454	3	792.8	114.99	44	2627.8	381.13
-37	101.55	14.728	4	821.13	119.09	45	2693.5	390.65
-36	110.64	16.048	5	850.12	123.3	46	2760.3	400.34
-35	120.05	17.413	6	879.8	127.6	47	2828.3	410.21
-34	129.79	18.824	7	910.18	132.01	48	2897.6	420.26
-33	139.86	20.284	8	941.26	136.52	49	2968.1	430.49
-32	150.26	21.793	9	973.06	141.13	50	3039.9	440.9
-31	161.01	23.353	10	1005.6	145.85	51	3113	451.5
-30	172.12	24.963	11	1038.8	150.67	52	3187.4	462.29
-50	1/2.12	21.703	11	1050.0	150.07	34	J10/.T	.02.27

Table 9.4: Ambient Temperature and Standard Saturation Pressure of R32 (continue)

53	3263.1	473.27	59	3746.3	543.36	65	4282.9	621.19
54	3340.1	484.45	60	3831.9	555.77	66	4378	634.97
55	3418.6	495.82	61	3919	568.4	67	4474.7	649
56	3498.4	507.39	62	4007.6	581.25	68	4573.2	663.29
57	3579.6	519.17	63	4097.8	594.33	69	4673.4	677.82
58	3662.2	531.16	64	4189.6	607.64	70	4775.5	692.63







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